OLYMPIC LEADER

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Phelps Dry Goods Co's.

Summer Suits

Our choice line of summer Suits for ladies and misses are now being sold at the best bargains we have ever offered. They are of Rep and Duck in Linen, colors Tan and Blue, just the kind for your outing or excursions, and still fill in for an afternoon or evening event. These are all exceptional values. We guarantee a fit in these suits or our expert fitter will make them fit free of charge.

20 0/0 off

Also on our line of Coats

Raja Silk and Duck

For Misses and Ladies

We Have a Few Black Silk Coats

Suitable for any and all occasions

Phelps Dry Goods Co.

Where are You Buying Your Meats?

AT

Garrison's

IF NOT

Then Ask the Butcher for his prices then

Come and See Me as I am going to Sell

COMMENCING

SATURDAY July 2nd

Pot Roast at 10c

Roast Beef at 10c

Boiling Meats at 8c

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

THE CELEBRATION IN ANGELES

Ideal Weather, A Large Crowd, Good Music, Sports Galore, and a Fine Celebration.

Monday, July 4th, was a perfect day, and Angeles celebrated in its usual patriotic spirit. Front street was profusely decorated with flags and bunting, the English Jack vieing with the Stars and Stripes in lending good cheer to the occasion. Many of the merchants decorated their places of business, both inside and out, and their stores were generally closed throughout the day. Not a few of our private citizens also decorated their homes and Old Glory was flying to the breeze all over town.

The steamship service to and from Victoria was superb, many of our people taking advantage of the low excursion rate to visit the British metropolis across the strait, while our English Cousins were equally patriotic and came over to Angeles to assist us in celebrating an event that occurred one hundred and thirty-four years ago.

The exercises in the opera house, where the visiting troops were welcomed by Mayor Lewis, were not very largely attended, owing to the fact that so many of our townspeople had taken the early steamer for Victoria and partly because the return complement of Englishmen was more interested in a good time out of doors than in listening to the reading of the Declaration of Independence and other exercises.

The visiting troops were the feature of the day. Company A, Second Infantry, National Grand of Washington, sixty strong, presented a fine appearance, giving the public a military drill, sham battle, and dress parade at their camp on the Central school grounds Sunday evening. They are a manly looking company of young men and created a good impression among our citizens. The soldiers from Fort Worden, with fife and drum corps, also presented a fine appearance in their military uniforms and added not a little to the spectacular effect of the celebration.

Wrights' Port Angeles Marine Band furnished excellent music throughout the day, and the boys were highly complimented by our English visitors for their fine music.

The ball game between the Victoria team and the home boys was well attended and proved an interesting exhibit of our national sport. Angeles won in a score of 8 to 4.

Small sports on Front street occupied the attention of the people in the early evening, and the moving picture show at the Star and dancing at the opera house and skating rink furnished amusement until a late hour of night.

It was an orderly crowd, and Angeles did herself proud in her Fourth of July celebration of 1910.

BAND CONCERT.

Wright's Port Angeles Marine Band, Friday, July 8th, at 8 P. M., on Front street.

PROGRAM.

March. Polly Prim. — Henry
Overture. Snap Shot. — Losey
Waltz. Loveland. — Holzman
Intermezzo. Ah-Wa-Ne-Da. — Hartz
Loves Old Sweet Song. — Molloy
Dance. Frolic of the Brownies. — Romaine.

NEW FIRM.

Wescott Bros., late of Seattle, are recent additions to Port Angeles business circles, having bought and taken possession of the Gate City Machine Co.'s shop and business. The gentlemen come well recommended as first-class workmen, and propose increasing the capacity of the business. Mr. C. A. Fathers who has had charge of the business for the past two years, left Tuesday for Racine, Wis., his old home.

New Real Estate Office.

John Cain is having the rooms on Front street, recently occupied by H. C. Peet, fitted up for an up-to-date real estate office Mr. Cain has strong faith in the future of Port Angeles and proposes to be on the ground when the improvement car starts.

A NEW LOGGING INDUSTRY

The Large Timber Holdings of the Filion Mill & Timber Company To Be Sent to Market.

The proposed new logging industry of W. F. Delabarre and associates is now an assured fact, and everything is being rushed to get things in readiness for its immediate construction. Ordinances for the granting of franchises for right-of-way for a logging railroad on B street, along Frasier creek and up Tumwater street and for a wharf at the northern extremity of B street on the water front, were introduced before the city council at their meeting Tuesday evening, W. F. Delabarre returning the following day from up sound with twenty men to work on the new logging road that is to tap the large and valuable timber holdnigs of the Filion Mill & Lumber Company, lying south of the city.

Those having the enterprise in hand have been several months in financing and preparing to get it under way, having recently purchased in Skagit county eight miles of railway, together with complete equipment for operating the same, which they will have installed here as soon as practicable.

It is the purpose of the company to put the logs in the waters of the bay and raft them to up sound markets. The company expects to give employment to fully one hundred men, and the new enterprise will mean much for the future business prosperity of Port Angeles and vicinity.

Once an enterprise of this character and magnitude has been installed in our community upon a paying basis, and no one will doubt the business sagacity of the conservative men who have the matter in hand, other and greater developments may be looked for in the near future.

It means greater resources and more employment and that is what it takes to build up any community. This added pay roll, coming as it does in the way of a permanent enterprise, means more business, more families and more homes, and better improvements all over our city.

SHOT TO DEATH

John D. Hurley Shot Dead at His Cabin Door.

Word was received here Monday from Forks to the effect that John D. Hurley of that place was found dead outside his cabin shot through the head. No further particulars were given except that it was thought a case of murder, and the coroner ordered the body kept until investigation could be had. Coroner Willson, Sheriff Cosser and Prosecutor Ritchie left for Forks on Tuesday's boat.

It will be remembered that John Carnes was murdered in this vicinity some years ago, and no clew could ever be had of the murderer. The present case is similar in that Hurley seems to have been shot down in cold blood for his money, it being reported that he had just sold his Solduck claim.

PORT ANGELES WINS.

E. W. Merrill & Co. have just secured the contract for furnishing the Snohomish with supplies the coming year. This probably means that the naval wharf on Ediz Hook will be completed immediately for the handling of coal for the cutter service.

Mrs. Ella A. Ball Married.

Mrs. Ella A. Ball of Port Angeles, Wash., and Andrew Urquhart were united in marriage in Portland Sunday, June 26, at the First Presbyterian church, Rev. Tracy B. Griswold officiating. The wedding was a very quiet affair, only the following relatives being present; Mr. and Mrs. James S. Ball, Miss Alice Ball and Miss Irene Urquhart. Mrs. Urquhart is well known in this city, being a resident here, with her family, until about five years ago, when she moved to Seattle and later to Port Angeles, Mr. Urquhart is a well known and prosperous fruit grower of the Mill creek valley.—The Dalles Chronicle.

...THE... Leader Department STORE

We Offer High Grade Shoes

The Best That IS Made

Ladies' Patent Colt "Society" Welt, Mat Calf Top, Moddox Plain Toe, Button

$4.50 AND $5.00

The "SOCIETY" Shoe for Women are made over the Snappiest of Foot-conforming lasts-fit Easily and give the greatest amount of ease and Comfort that is possible

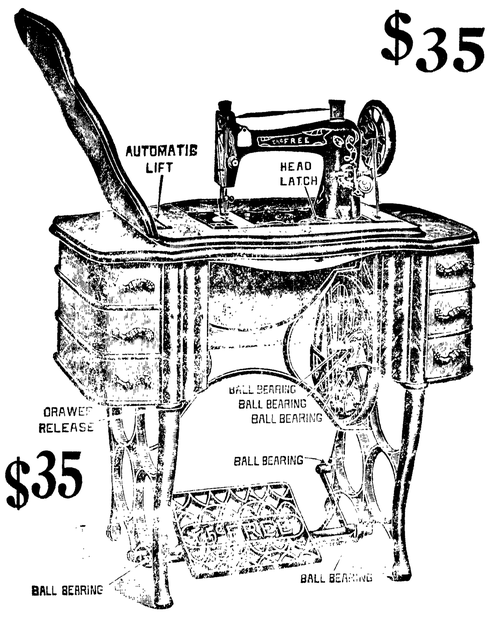
The Leader Department Store

The Leader Department Store

On the Market

This means that your machine is kept in repair by the Manufacturer for FIVE YEARS

$35



$35

LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN

Should Wives Be Paid?

One of the objects of the eight bills affecting the position of women which Sir Charles McLaren introduced in the House of Commons is to secure for wives a share in the property of their husbands.

The proposals state that a wife who devotes her whole time to housekeeping and the care of her children shall have a claim on her husband during his life, and on his estate after her death, for a sum calculated on a scale not exceeding the wages of a housekeeper in her station of life, provided she has not received any other personal allowance.

A wife shall also be a creditor for the amount on her husband's estate in case of his bankruptcy.

In the case of dissolution of the marriage or separation, it is laid down that a wife shall be entitled to payment for past services on this scale, should payment not have been made during the marriage. Where the wife is a wage-earner she shall not be legally liable for the support of her husband or of his children unless her earnings or the inome of her property exceed the minimum necessary for her support.

Among other proposals contained in the bills are the following:

Wives who work jointly in the same business as their husbands shall be regarded as partners.

Fathers and mothers shall be joint guardians of their children.

All universities or institues deriving money from the state shall be open to women.

Votes for women and heavier punishment for brutal husbands are features of this "women's charter."—London Express.

Fads and Fancies in Dress

Dots and rings are much employed in the new foulard designs.

On Louis XII. coats one sees three pocket flaps, one above the other.

Tailor-made gowns of silk will be more in evidence than ever before.

The fashionable flower this season is the Bermuda lily in white or pink.

Bordered challis are charming this spring and will be a popular fabric for cool day summer gowns.

Black chiffon tunics over blue or green or orange satin foundations are among the more favored styles.

The Russian blouse in wash maerials will be very popular for wear in place of the regulation linen coat.

Russian turbans of flowers, foliage and maline are trimmed with huge bows of maline at the left and back.

Coarse Russian braid, row upon row, soutache in intricate patterns and soutache in hanging knots, constitute the trimming for outdoor garments.

Many rows of Russian braid, tubular braid, plain silk braid an eighth of an inch wide, embroidery and soutache associated, trim the tailored models.

Among the new designs in table linen are napkins and square table cloths with circular designs. The corners are filled in with handsome separate patterns.

For outing days there is a stunning model of a sailor hat with a slightly rolled brim and trimmed with a plaited cord and two quills placed quite flat at the side.

Cotton crepe is correct in colors as well as white. Dresses made of it are both inexpensive, practical and dressy, an almost impossible combination for a woman's dress.

Lace is more and more claiming the attention for trimming hats and gowns. Black and white are most used, and when decorating skirts it is adjusted in flounces or as a tunic.

Skirts are drawn back tightly, the fullness massed at each side or directly in the back by a broad strap about a hand wide or sometimes by a band reaching to the sides.

Separate foulard waists to go with cloth suits match in color. They are made without collars and worn with round collars of lace or embroidery, Irish lace of course being preferred.

A Loveometer.

Science, laments the Gentlewoman, is slowly killing romance. The latest invention is an instrument called a phethysmograph for scientifically testing the warmth of lovers' affections. The person whose feelings are to be weighed in the balance puts his or her arm into a rubber bag, which is then drawn tight and filled with water. Names of young men or young women, as the case may be, are introduced, and if the name stirs the heart the pulse rises and the indicator mounts up. If the name leaves the subject unmoved the pulse remains stationary.

Delusions in Marriage.

Sir Charles McLeran is championing in the English commons a series of bills to recognize the marriage service with a view to making it honest. The church service enjoins: "Wives, submit yourselves unto your husbands as unto the Lord," which, Sir Charles says, the ladies have never any intention of doing, and which, Sir Charles' wife says, involves an arrogation to the men of godlike quality which she regards as a characteristic bit of masculine buncombe. Further on the service contains the man's vow: "With all my worldly goods I thee endow," which, Sir Charles and Mrs. Sir Charles declare is just a plain lie. He never means it for fifteen minutes after the knot is tied.—Success Magazine.

"Cottage" Motor Bonnett.

Among the new spring and summer motor bonnets is one built on lines shown in above sketch. It is exceedingly smart and comes in several different kinds of material—silver sheen silk moire and voile cloth; all pretty and practical. The rosettes are made from the material, with ends slightly fringed.

The Working Woman.

Cardinal Gibbons is quite right in saying that the world has a great deal more respect for the woman who toils than it has for her dawdling, idle sister in society. It must be borne in mind, however, that the stigma that attaches to luxurious indolence does not belong to all society women. There are women who have a great deal of money, and who do not have to assume the domestic burden, who look well to the ways of their households, and are earnestly concerned in altruistic causes. Such women are deserving of admiration and honor.

There are those who accomplish quietly and apparently without effort, what others do with much bluster and fuss. In "Weir of Hermiston" Stevenson describes the elder Kristie as running her household "with her whole intemperate soul, in a bustle, not without buffets."

The women who labor on without letting it appear that they are hard at work do not always get the credit for activity that is awarded by the unthinking to the woman who proclaims from the house tops that she has been busily upheaving the domestic economy from cellar to garret. Not every woman is idle because her efficiency, like less Wisdom, doth not cry aloud nor lift up its voice.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Marrying for a Home.

In one sense every right-minded woman marries for a home, since the home is the symbol of her new partnership, the sanctuary of all high and holy hopes. It is as natural for the normal woman to long for a home as it is for her to desire the love of a good man; but the day has gone by when an American girl need be forced to make a marriage of convenience.

With the multiplication of industries and the ever-widening call for women's work, the number of mercenary alliances in the middle classes has been reduced to a minimum. The educated girl who marries so that she may be supported is either hopelessly lazy or the victim of an unwise training which has failed to fit her for life. So long as love continues to exist in the world—and that means until the human race is extinct—it is safe to say that women will be reluctant to marry for a home, and there is no doubt that economic independence has increased the reluctance.

In response to the question, "Do women marry for a home?" we should say that a few exceptions prove the rule that American women do not marry to be supported.—New Idea Woman's Magazine.

Keep Children Busy.

If mothers want to keep their children out of mischief, they should keep them busy, either at work or play. It is a well known fact that idleness is the cause of a great deal of wrongdoing among men and women, so what else can we expect of our children? Give each a task to do each day and they will soon learn to feel responsible for its being done well. After their work is over, give them the time to play, but not to mope or worry some one. Children feel of more importance in the world when they know that they are being depended upon to do something to help. Then when the mother has so much to do, it is a great deal to have so many steps saved. Of course, this applies more especially to homes where there is no outside help kept. Give your little ones something to do and see how much better they are.

Remedy for Blackheads.

Use soft cloths wrung out of warm water to soften the skin, and then keep it perfectly clean by washing with plenty of good soap and warm water every night, finishing with cold. A girl of 16 should not have blackheads; they mean that you do not get the dirt out of your skin when you wash it.

Wouldn't Stay Away.

A Chicago man has been fined $25 and costs because he sat for 11 hours on the front steps of the house in which his adored one resided and would not stay away when her mother drove him off with a broom.

THREE YOUNG FASHIONABLES.

On the left of our charming trio, the smart little tot is wearing a frock of pin-striped navy blue silk. Note the effective treatment of stripes in back and sides of skirt. The blouse has a little yoke of all-over white lace, and the sash of plain blue velvet ribbon serves as a pretty waist finish.

In the center of group is shown an attractive suit for a half-grown girl. This design was effectively followed in a pretty shade of deep rose voile. The little eton jacket had an inset vest of white broadcloth trimmed with small pearl buttons, and the girdle and sash were of black satin.

The unique little frock on the right is brown and white check cashmere. A pointed chemisette of soft white silk is bordered by two odd revers of plain brown silk—running from shoulder to shoulder on the right side to hem of skirt on left side, and tapering to a sharp point at end. Bottom of skirt is edged with box plaiting of brown silk and the cuffs are also of silk.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

PIONEERING STILL COMPARATIVELY HARD.

By John A. Howland.

Forty years ago the United States saw the great movement to the west. Everywhere in the Mississippi valley country the resident saw the white prairie schooner drifting, as if with some vast tide wind, westward. "Kansas, or Bust"—any other place westward, "or bust"—was the motto painted upon the weather beaten white canvas of the wagons.

Within the last year or more history has been repeating itself in a great measure. With the price of the round trip ticket and money for meals in his pockets, the young man to-day may cover in hours a territory which required weeks and months in the early '70s. Many of these young men have been doing this; more of them will follow.

The old westerner of to-day decries the degenerating of the west as he found it. It is lacking in most of those old hardships and privations which required all his manhood to withstand when he was pathfinder in the wilderness. Sharp as present day comparisons may be between the city and the new west, the old westerner looks upon it as child's play—dilettante, effeminate.

He has forgotten thta his hardships are half a century behind him now. He overlooks the fact that the desert upon which he settled has been blossoming for these many years. But blossoming as it may have been, civilized as the newer west to-day is, that young man from the centers of city life will find crude flowering of the wilderness compared with the diversions and ease of the city which he has left so far behind him. He will need all his fortitude and spirit of his fathers.

FARMER OWNS NATION.

By Isaac F. Marcosson.

The farmer, not the money king of Wall street, is the real owner of the United States. The glean of his fields is another Aladdin story, only instead of rubbing a lamp he has simply scraped the ground.

Our cereal crops last year were worth $3,000,000,000, which is sufficient to pay for all the tools, implements and machinery of the whole of American industry. While this sum seems huge as it stands alone, you have only to go back a few years in the story of our agriculture to see the miracle of steady increase that has been achieved. Eleven years ago the value of all our farm products for a single year was reckoned at $4,417,000,000. You have already seen how that figure was doubled by 1909. During these years the sum total that the soil has yielded the farmers is $70,000,000,000. The advance is so steady and sure that you can almost calculate upon it year by year.

Compare this record with the ebb and flow of earnings in steel or any other industry, and you will realize as never before how agriculture keeps the even tenor of its prosperous way, unmindful of panic or depression. Why? Simply because land is stable, and, given proper methods of farming, the more you take out of it the more valuable it becomes. It cannot be moved away; it is, in truth, the very foundation of the nation's material welfare. It would take $24,000,000,000 to buy our farm lands, and their value is real and not watered, save by irrigation.—Munsey's.

UNPROGRESSIVE AMERICA.

By Clifford Howard.

We of this big republic complacently affirm the glory of our national achievements, and are not without temptation to acclaim them as proof of superior craft and judgment. But herein do we forget that we are on record as having cast our vote against every move that has contributed to the present century's development. We raised our voices in contemptuous protest against the first projected railways. Had the locomotive awaited its signal from the people, it would not yet have started. When the electric telegraph was shown to us we brushed it aside as a toy, and laughed its inventor to scorn when he offered to sell us his rights for a few thousand dollars. We put into jail as an impostor the first man that brought anthracite coal to market. We broke to pieces Howe's sewing machine as an invention calculated to ruin the working classes; and we did the same thing to the harvester and the binder. We scorned the typewriter as a plaything. We gathered together in mass meetings of indignation at the first proposal to install electric trolley lines, and when Dr. Bell told us he had invented an instrument by means of which we might talk to one another across the town we responded with accustomed ridicule, and only the reckless among us contributed to its being.—The Atlantic.

EXCUSES FOR ADVERSITY.

By Willard Pillman.

By exercising sufficient good will, it is possible to believe that every adversity has its appointed use. The reviving breath of spring has no meaning in a land where winter is a myth. Health, which in its abundance is hardly held at a pin's fee, when it has once been lost will be diligently sought after at earth's furthest ends. Bread and meat, common to the point of being despised, to the starving become prizes of rarest luster. What is so precious to the aged man as those golden hours which in his youth he flung away like grass? The joy that is vouchsafed to-day may be magnified in retrospect by future adversity, and should be the more eagerly enjoyed on that account. In like manner present disasters will be the better borne by considering that they may serve to heighten the pleasure of comforts that are on the way.

TOOK THE GUARD'S PLACE.

Dr. Byles Shouldered a Gun and Kept Himself from Escaping.

One of the most famous of the old Puritan divines was Dr. Mather Byles, who was born in Boston in 1706 and who was the first pastor of the Hollis Street Congregational church, to which he ministered for more than 40 years.

Dr. Byles was famous as a humorist and wit, and innumerable anecdotes are related of his clever quips and retorts. He was a zealous Tory and warmly advocated the cause of "the mother country" against the colonies. In November, 1777, he was arrested as a Tory, tried, convicted and sentenced to be confined on board a guard ship and sent to England with his family within 40 days. The sentence was afterward commuted by the board of war to confinement in his own house, a guard being placed over him with instructions not to permit him to leave his residence for a moment under any circumstances.

On Thanksgiving morning, observing that the sentinel, who, like many of the colonial soldiers, was a simple rustic, had disappeared and that Dr. Byles himself was pacing up and down before his own door with a musket on his shoulder, the neighbors crossed the street to inquire the cause of this singular spectacle.

"You see," said Dr. Byles, "I begged my guard to let me go out to procure some cider with which myself and family might celebrate Thanksgiving day, but he would not permit me to stir. I argued the point with him, and he has now gone to get the cider for me on condition that I keep guard over myself during his absence."

The Languages of Paradise.

Every language has its admirers; in "Lucile" the author, "Owen Meredith," maintained that when he heard French spoken as he approved he found himself quietly falling in love." Edward Hutton is another instance of this lingual fascination. In stating his preference in his enchanting "Cities of Spain," he recalls an interesting medieval legend. He says:

And as I listened to the splendid syllables of the Castilian tongue that rang eloquently through the twilight, I remembered the saying of that old Spanish doctor of whom James Howell tells us in his "Instructions for Forraine Travell," to wit, that Spanish, Italian and French, these three daughters of the Latin language, were spoken in Paradise: that God Almighty created the world in Spanish, the Tempter persuaded Eve in Italian, and Adam begged pardon in French.

A Brief Love Story.

The Syrian patrol halted before the open window of the khan's captive, a girl from the hills.

"A message from my lord, the khan," said he, saluting, and laid upon the edge of the lattice a spray of almond.

The girl ripped off the delicate blossoms and handed back the barren twigs.

"The answer," she said

YESTERDAYS.

THE OLD-TIME REVIVAL.

"You young folks back there, weth your hearts so light, your feet so gay—"
—Minneapolis Journal.

FRENCH MAID OF ALL WORK.

Multifarious Duties of Bonne on a Salary of $10 a Month.

In Paris the post of servant is not an easy one; this is, of course, judging the household to be one of ordinary means, with one maid or two at the very most. An average French family having an income between 12,000 and 15,000 francs a year (which is considered comfortable here) will employ one maid. She is known as a bonne a tout faire, maid of all work, and the care of the entire household falls to her. Blanche Alder Van Buren, writing in the Woman Beautiful, says she rises at about 6 o'clock, cleans the boots, brushes skirts and coats and prepares the traditional French breakfast of coffee and rolls. She then takes the little ones to school, as no children of good family go out alone. Upon her return madame perhaps has straightened the bedrooms and is ready to go out to market with the maid. Sometimes the bonne does the buying alone, especially when she has been with the family some time or has gained the confidence of her mistress. When luncheon is safely on its way the mistress keeps an eye on its progress while the bonne goes for the children. Luncheon is the first important meal in the French home and consists of an egg or meat dish, a salad, a vegetable and dessert of cheese or fruit, always ending wth coffee. If the children are not allowed to drink this they are given a canard (duck), which is a lump of sugar dipped in coffee.

In the afternoon, when all is quiet, the bonne dresses neatly and settles down to do the mending for the entire family and to be ready to answer the doorbell. Soon it is time to bring the little ones home from school, after which she must prepare the evening meal.

Many families give the maid her leisure after dinner, but this is a recent innovation. In certain families the maid is still required to remain in the evening to light chance guests down the stairs, for the house lights usually are extinguished at 10:30, and the invisible janitress pulls a cord near her bed to let the people in or out after that hour. This is tradition—and when a mistress allows her maid entire freedom after dark she is departing from an old custom.

The maid in France works hard and is allowed very limited leisure; she is supposed to have every other Sunday afternoon and that is all. For her services she receives the extraordinary sum of 45 or 50 francs ($9 or $10) a month, besides her home, of course.

Why She Couldn't Accept.

Telephone operators who plug wrong numbers or get the wires crossed sometimes are responsible for very embarrassing situations, as was exemplified by a broker in this city the other morning. The broker caled up his home number and said to the person on the other end of the wire:

"Hello, dear. Is that you?"

"Yes," replied a sweet toned voice

"Well, I've been thinking about you all morning. I want you to come downtown and meet me for lunch, and we'll go to a show this afternoon."

"Well, that would be very nice," replied the person on the other end, "and I should dearly love to do so, but my husband is home, and I'm afraid he'd object. Don't you think you've got the wrong number?"—Philadelphia Times.

As Good as Refused.

"And she refused you?"

"Practically. She said she would marry me as soon as I settled down and went to work at something worth while."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The most disgusting liar is the loafer who claims to be as good as an industrious man.

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

Many Women who are Splendid Cooks

dread having to prepare an elaborate dinner because they are not sufficiently strong to stand over an intensely hot coal range. This is especially true in summer. Every woman takes pride in the table she sets, but often it is done at tremendous cost to her own vitality through the weakening effect of cooking on a coal range in a hot kitchen.

It is no longer necessary to wear yourself out preparing a fine dinner. Even in the heat of summer you can cook a large dinner without being worn out.

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

Gives no outside heat, no smell, no smoke. It will cook the biggest dinner without heating the kitchen or the cook. It is immediately lighted and immediately extinguished. It can be changed from a slow to a quick fire by turning a handle. There's no drudgery connected with it, no coal to carry, no wood to chop. You don't have to wait fifteen or twenty minutes till its fire gets going. Apply a light and it's ready. By simply turning the wick up or down you get a slow or an intense heat on the bottom of the pot, pan, kettle or oven, and nowhere else. It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot, drop shelves for coffee, teapot or saucepan, and even a rack for towels. It saves time, worry, health and temper. It does all a woman needs and more than she expects. Made with 1, 2, and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner sizes can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

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DOORS, SASH, WINDOWS DIRECT TO YOU

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Three blocks from Union Depot
Four blocks from Water Front

A modern, strictly fireproof hotel, absolutely new and directly adjacent to th business district.

Every room an outside room, containing Hot and Cold Water, Steam Heat and Telephone.

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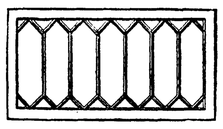

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It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory Under Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906 Guaranty No. 18971. Please write for Special Free $2 Bottle and give AGE and complete address
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Take a trip to Seattle and let me save you the price of your trip on your dental work. You save a dollar, I make a dollar and the State Dental Monopoly will lose two dollars when I do your dental work. Have your dental work done now while the dental war is on. My offices have been established at 713 First Ave., in the Union Block, for 18 years. I do not compete with cheap dentists, but with the high-class dentists for half their price. Open evenings until 8 and Sundays until 4 for people who work.

EDWIN J. BROWN, D.D.S.
713 First Avenue Seattle, Wash.

Read my article in Sunday's P.-I. and Monday's Times and Star.

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Placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20 cents.
HAROLD SOMERS
150 DeKalb Ave.
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Roller skating may be all right, but the tired man who is trying to sleep beside a window that overlooks a broad cement walk on a warm evening does not fully appreciate it.

Are we living too slow? A Harvard professor insists that this is 1913. Sometimes it acts more like 1813.

The only thing to indicate that Dr. Cook reached the summit of Mount McKinley is the fact that the summit is still there.

THE KEYSTONE TO HEALTH IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

The best medicine to safeguard your health is **the Bitters. Its merit** has been thoroughly proven during the past **57 years.** Try a bottle for **Poor Appetite, Gas on Stomach, Cramps and Diarrhoea.**

CHEERING UP THE DIGESTION.

Dining, an Important Function, Should Be Flavored with Mirth.

The effect upon the appetite and upon digestion of cheerfulness at table was discussed recently by the Youth's Companion. People were advised literally to laugh and grow fat. Persons who made a habit of carrying grouches to dinner were informed, the Indianapolis Star says, that that very practice would, if continued, make them invalids, with positive disorders of the liver and other digestive apparatus. More than that, the person with gloomy looks would be apt to inflict in a lesser degree similar ills on his table companions.

It is well known that one never sits down at table clouded by regrets, bad news or misgivings of any kind and gets quite the same pleasure out of the meal that he would get if he approached his food in a jovial frame of mind. Physical fatigue may act in the same way. In all these cases the emotions of the diner seem to control the digestive apparatus But let the table discussions have to do with good news and let merriment rather than sour looks prevail and a zest will be imparted to the appetite.

Homes where the dinner table is a sort of clearing place for trouble never get what they should out of life, because dining is really an important part of existence, and if you rob it of the pleasure that should go with it you contribute to mental and physical depression just that much. Dining alone is not as good as dining in company, if the company is congenial. Men of cheerful minds do not, as a rule, like to seek out day after day solitary places at restaurant tables, but prefer to go there with their friends.

Neither is it the best thing to let physical culture, thoughts on mastication or anything of the sort weigh too heavily on the mind when one is dining. Some persons who have tried to follow the Fletcher school in this particular have found that to count painfully the number of bites to every piece of food has its drawbacks, one of which is the feeling of responsibility that attends eating under such conditions. On the whole, the lighter the heart and the more free the mind is from obsessing care of any sort the better the food will taste.

Christopher Columbus, on his second voyage, found the natives of the island of Haiti playing with rubber balls, and reported the discovery of the elastic and resilient substance which since then has been adapted to many uses. But it was not till the last century that rubber was utilized extensively, when Goodyear, after long years of patient and costly experiment, found a way to overcome its stickiness when subjected to heat. Since then the demand for it has increased steadily and greatly, and at the present time the supply is so far short of the demand that companies are organized to cultivate rubber trees in all parts of the world, and speculation in the shares of the companies has bene the stock market craze of the year in London. One-half of the total rubber production of the world is now used for automobile tires. As the supply is inadequate, the price has continually increased, until the best grades of Para rubber sold in London a few weeks ago for three dollars a pound. Rubber or poor grades from some other districts sells for less than thirty cents a pound. The Amazon district of Brazil is the great rubber producing country of the world, for more than half of the total supply comes from there. The Federated Malay states, the Congo region, Portuguese West Africa, the east coast of tropical Africa, Rangoon, Penang, Borneo and Mexico, the West Indies and Central America are the other rubber producing districts. About one-tenth of the total yield comes from the Congo. The rapidly increasing cost of the article has aroused experimenters, who have produced substances that have some of the qualities of rubber. It is not improbable that they may ultimately succeed, as teh chemists did in producing artificial indigo, in making real rubber by synthesis.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Cafe Mousse.

Beat the yolks of three eggs, add one cup of hot strong coffee, and cook one minute; cool, add one pint of whipped cream and one cup of sugar. Pack in a freezer and let stand without stirring seven or eight hours.

In our Atlantic fleet there are 2,500 sailors who cannot swim. They did not enlist to swim. They prefer to be the men behind the guns, which they hope will keep affoat.

Buffalo Bill wants his last resting place marked by a marble buffalo forty feet high, with his eyes illuminated by electric lights of sufficient power to be visible for miles. Now we know why Bill has always worn long hair.

A Chicago woman will be compelled to explain to the federal grand jury why she refused to talk to a census enumerator. What about the old theory that woman is never able to hold her tongue?

Somebody has found out how to make coffee from dandelion roots, but there is no immediate danger that the dandelion crop will be a failure owing to the fact that a use has been found for it.

Old Favorites

Nature's Fidelity.

Nature never did betray
The heart that loved her; 'tis her privilege
Through all the years of this our life to lead
From joy to joy; for she can so inform
The mind that is within us, so impress
With quietness and beauty, and so feed
With lofty thought, that neither evil tongues,
Rash judgments, nor the sneers of selfish men,
Nor greetings where no kindness is, nor all
The dreary intercourse of daily life,
Shall e'er prevail against us, or disturb
Our cheerful faith that all which we behold
Is full of blessings. Therefore let the moon
Shine on thee in thy solitary walk,
And let the misty mountain-winds be free
To blow against thee: and, in after years,
When these wild ecstasies shall be matured
Into a sober pleasure, when thy mind
Shall be a mansion for all lovely forms,
Thy memory be as a dwelling place
For all sweet sounds and harmonies; oh, then,
If solitude, or fear, or pain, or grief,
Should be thy portion, with what healing thoughts
Of tender joy wilt thou remember me,
And these my exhortations!
—William Wordsworth.

The Empty Cradle.

Little empty cradle, treasured now with care;
Oh, the happy burden it has gone,
Gone to join the angels, peace forever more;
Empty is the cradle, baby's gone.

Chorus—
Baby left her cradle for the golden shore;
O'er the silver waters she has gone,
Gone to join the angels, peace forever more;
Empty is the cradle, baby's gone.

In a quiet valley there's a grassy mound;
There my little darling lies alone;
Violets and roses blooming all around,
Over her the weeping willows moan.

Baby is in heaven, beckoning us to come,
Come to meet her on the golden shore;
Leave this world of sorrow for the heaver above,
Where we shall ever part no more.

DEVISES RAILROAD TICKET.

Agent Invents Long-Distance Form That Saves Time and Money.

What is expected to revolutionize the universal passenger-ticket system now in use is the Parker junction coupon ticket, the fruit of the inventive brain of William S. Parker, ticket agent at the union depot here, an Ottumwa (Iowa) correspondent of the New York Herald says. The new ticket is now in the hands of the committee on universal tickets, and its worth will probably be acknowledged by the acceptance of the ticket.

Aside from the fact that it shortens the cumbersome long ticket, the new ticket, it is said, will prove a boon to the railroads adopting it. It cuts down printing bills, lessens the size of the ticket holders in the offices and practically does away with nine-tenths of the clerical work of the ticket seller now necessary.

The new ticket is in the form of a small booklet, fastened together by brass clasps, and is sufficiently small to be carried in the vest pocket.

By using the Parker junction ticket the railroad offices will no longer have to keep in stock from 1,000 to 1,500 different forms of tickets, but will have to employ not more than forty-five forms. Five forms cover all the business east of Chicago, while twenty-six forms supply the want of visitors to western cities, no matter how circuitous a route may be taken.

Another feature of the Parker ticket is that the passenger knows exactly what he or she purchases. It does not require a veteran railroad man to understand it, and when large cities are reached the passenger will not have to suffer the irritable inconvenience now necessary by awaiting the process that is necessary for the long tickets to go through at the hands of the gatekeepers.

To the railroad company the new ticket will appeal as a great saver not only in office room but in fixtures as well. The present tickets for long passage needed a case seven feet high by six and a half feet wide, while the Parker system will need only a small box nine inches wide by eighteen inches long.

When a patron calls for a ticket from Ottumwa to New York with a stopover privilege at Buffalo, and passes east of Chicago by two or three routes, all that is necessary for the agent to do is to reach into the Chicago and eastern drawer, pull out two or three different forms, and, placing them together, put the booklet under the punch to apply the brass clasp, and it is surrendered to the patron.

The conductors will be able to work the Parker ticket in the same easy manner that tickets from Ottumwa to Albia are worked. All that is necessary for the uniformed men to do is to take a hasty glance at the transportation, punch it where necessary, or take off the form that has been traveled and hand the booklet back to the passenger.

Mr. Parker has long been trying to devise an improvement over the old system of tickets, but had not worked steadily on his invention before last September. Since that time, however,

Quick Coffee Cake.

Sift two cups of flour and four level teaspoons of baking powder together, add one beaten egg and mix one cup of milk. Turn into a buttered tin and pour a tablespoonful of melted butter over. Sprinkle with sugar and a little ground cinnamon and bake. Serve warm for breakfast and break instead of cutting. The same batter may be baked in gem pans or muffin tins.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain

Tough Steak.

To make steaks very tender lay them, before cooking, on a flat dish containing three tablespoonfuls of salad oil and one of vinegar, well mixed together. Each side of the steak should be soaked for thirty minutes—making an hour in all—just before cooking.

A Chicago man has been fined $25 and costs because he sat for eleven hours on the front steps of the house in which his adored one resided and would not stay away when her mother drove him off with a broom. The age of chivalry may be past, but romance continues occasionally to make a two-base hit.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Fruit Blanemange.

Grape juice or the juice from any canned fruit may be used. Place the sweetened juice over the fire in a double boiler; when boiling stir in corn starch and a pinch of salt, wet with cold water, allowing two tablespoonfuls of corn starch to each pint of juice. Pour into molds.

Scalloped Potatoes.

Have a quart of thinly sliced potatoes (raw), butter an earthen pudding dish and put in a layer of the potatoes, season with salt, butter and sprinkle over a few cracker crumbs; continue in this way until all the potatoes are used. Cover with crumbs and pieces of butter and pour over milk until it can just be seen even with the top layer. Bake slowly and brown lightly.

Quick Brown Bread.

Two cups Graham flour, one cup sour milk, one-half cup molasses, two tablespoonfuls sugar, pinch of salt, one teaspoonful soda in two tablespoonfuls warm water, three-fourths cup raisins chopped and floured. Bake forty minutes in a moderate oven. Excellent.

Cure Your Dandruff

Why? Because it is annoying, untidy. And mostly, because it almost invariably leads to baldness. Cure it, and save your hair. Get more, too, at the same time. All easily done with Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula. Stop this formation of dandruff!

Does not change the color of the hair

Ayer's — Formula with each bottle. Show it to your doctor. Ask him about it, then do as he says

The new Ayer's Hair Vigor will certainly do this work, because, first of all, it destroys the germs which are the original cause of dandruff. Having given this aid, nature completes the cure. The scalp is restored to a perfectly healthy condition.
—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and I find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."—Edward A. Marx, Albany, N.Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 929

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The Doctor's Reason.

First Physician—So you've lost Rogers as a patient. Didn't he respond to your treatment? Second Physician—Yes, but not to my dunning letters.—Lippincott's.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GET THE BEST RESULTS FROM POULTRY RAISING
By covering the houses with
ASBESTOS ROOFING MADE OF STONE
The Cheapest Roof to Use. Requires No Coating.
FIRE, TIME AND WEATHER PROOF
Keeps buildings cool in summer and warm in winter.
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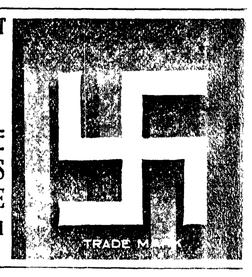
Ask for Their Goods and

SAVE THESE SWASTIKA END SEALS THEY ARE VALUABLE
They Will Secure You Many Useful Articles Without Cost



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J. W. Edmunds, Oph. D., optician, 701-703 Leary building. Ind. 1378; Main 2174. Do your eyes hurt you? Edmunds knows the CAUSE. Do you want the BEST? Edmunds has it. If you don't need glasses, Edmunds will tell you

SAMPLE SUIT HOUSE
Men's and Young Men's $30 Blue Serge Sample Suits, $17.50. TRACIE, Room 207, 905½ Third, Traders Bldg.

ELASTIC HOSIERY
Abdominal Supporters, Stockings for Varicose Veins, etc., made to order. Expert Fitters. Measurement blanks sent on request.
REID BROS., 215 Arcade Building.

S. G. OLMSTED, M. D.
Specialist eye, ear, nose, throat. Glasses fitted. Prices reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. 308-9 Northern Bank & Trust Bldg., corner Fourth and Pike street.

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OLYMPIC = LEADER

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Subscription Price $1 per year.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1910

The state supreme court says in a decision that there is no merit to the suit of Mergath & Duhamel against the Port Angeles Stone Company and its bondsmen for damages for alleged failure to comply with a contract to furnish stone for the federal building at Seattle. This decision is based upon the finding that the contractors never made specific demand upon the stone company for stone and that therefore the Port Angeles company did not default on its contract.

Guy E. Kelly, supervisor of the census for the second district of Washington, writes the Olympic-Leader that:

"It affords me great pleasure to be able to state that the taking of the thirteenth federal census has been completed and the result obtained very satisfactory. The intelligent manner in which my enumerators carried on my work pleased me very much, and I do not hesitate to say that this is the most successful census that has ever been taken."

The Angeles Basket Ball Club ought to be well supported as their record is good and few, if any, have one as good. Of the games played here last season and up to date this year, they have lost only four games. This seems good. All clean sport ought to be encouraged, especially amateur work, and our citizens ought to get out and boost and help along the good work. It keeps the boys healthy, teaches them fairness and manliness in sports as well as all dealings, keeping their minds on things that are right and their bodies in good condition. This more than all else in after years will help and prepare them for the work of life that is before them. Com.

The live stock show at the second annual Western Washington Fair, to be held at Seattle September 19 to 25, will be the largest show ever held in the Pacific Northwest, with the exception of the exhibition at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition last fall. Already entries enough have been received to assure the big cattle exhibition barns being filled to overflowing with the pick of the beef and dairy live stock of the Pacific Northwest. The leading exhibitors of the Coast will be on hand to compete for the thousands of dollars in premiums offered by the association, and a trip through the exhibition barns will be a liberal education to those interested in the development of the live stock industry of this section of the country.

Angeles gardens never more beautiful than today, with their wealth of fragrant roses.

GOVERNOR HAY FAVORS COUNTY OPTION

Also A "Daylight Liquor Law" For "Wet" Communities.

In a letter written to the State Grange in annual session at Pullman a few days ago Governor Hay went on record as favoring a County Unit Local Option law. The governor expressed himself to the point as follows:

"I believe that my record upon the question of the county unit for local option warrants me in referring to the stand I have taken in this matter in the past. I am in favor of the county unit absolutely, with the possible exception of eliminating cities of the first class from the county unit. In those counties in which we have cities of the first class we would have two units, and as a further restriction upon this traffic I expect to reccommend to the next legislature that they pass a bill confining the sale of liquor to the daylight hours only in such communities where the sale is permitted by law."

In addressing a meeting of the Spokane county central committee recently the governor declared himself in favor of the present law, adding that he was "reliably informed that they (the saloon interests) are going to try to draw some teeth out of this bill at the coming session. I am free to say to you that they will not emasculate this law with my consent, and if they do weaken it in any way, it will be done over the governor's vote."

"I am satisfied that the people as a whole, and the legitimate interests in particular, are coming to realize that the saloons are a curse and a detriment to our people in any community in which they are allowed to exist. Instead of a public revenue producer, as the advocates of the saloon profess to believe, they are an extra tax in the community in which they operate."

The temperance forces of tax ridden Callam county, as elsewhere throughout the state, should rally to the standard as set up by the governor and see to it that only true temperance men, men who are not afraid to come out in the open and pledge themselves to stand for the measures advocated by the local option league of the conuty are nominated and elected to office. The temperance voters of Clallam county hold the balance of power and if they but exercise that power at the polls next November as temperance men working for a principle as outlined by Governor Hay, there can be no fear of the result. A little quiet work along this line would soon make the old political ring, tax manipulating official, unholy timber-saloon combination and poor-man tax raising alliance at least set up and take notice.

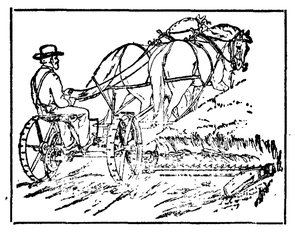
Mrs. W. F. Delabarre Entertains.

Mrs. W. F. Delabarre is giving an "at home" this Friday afternoon in honor of her guest Mrs. S. A. Hoyt of Seattle. Those entertained are the ladies of the St. Andrew's Guild, the Saturday Reading Club, and the Musical Club, also a few of the old neighbors and friends of Mrs. Hoyt. A very delightful afternoon is anticipated as Mrs. Hoyt was a most enthusiastic and beloved member of each of these clubs during her long residence in Angeles.

Delightful summer weather.

New Improved Up-To-Date Feature

Champion Mowers
Deering Mowers, Rakes
Scythes and Hand Rakes



Haying Tools all Description

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

THE SPLIT-LOG DRAG

The King Split-Log Drag for Earth Roads. Its Construction.

Our attention has been called to Bulletin No 321, issued by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, the same being devoted to "The use of the split-log drag on earth roads," and as everyone is more or less interested in good roads, we make a liberal extract from the bulletin. These bulletins may be secured through your representatives in Congress.

The earth road is by far the most common type of highway in this country. The split-log drag is of great service on roads of this class, and an increasing mileage of the rural highways of this country is being kept in repair economically and well by the use of this simple implement.

The aim in writing this bulletin has been to give a concise description of the construction of the split-log drag and the method of using it which will give the best results.

A dry red cedar log is the best material for a drag. Red elm and walnut when thoroughly dried are excellent, and box elder, soft maple, or even willow are preferable to oak, hickory, or ash.

The log should be 7 or 8 feet long and from 10 to 12 inches in diameter, and carefully split down the middle. The heaviest and best slab should be selected for the front. At a point on this front slab 4 inches from the end that is to be at the middle of the road locate the center of the hole to receive a cross stake and 22 inches from the other end of the front slab locate the center for another cross stake. The hole for the middle stake will lie on a line connecting and halfway between the other two. The back slab should now be placed in position behind the other. From the end which is to be at the middle of the road measure 20 inches for the center of the cross stake, and 6 inches from the other end locate the center of the outside stake. Find the center of the middle hole as before. When these holes are brought opposite each other, one end of the back slab will lie 16 inches nearer the center of the roadway than the front one, giving what is known as "set back." The holes should be 2 inches in diameter. Care must be taken to hold the augur plumb in boaring these holes in order that the stakes shall fit properly. The hole to receive the forward end of the chain should be bored at the same time.

The two slabs should be held 30 inches apart by the stakes. Straight-grained timber should be selected for the stakes, so that each stake shall fit snugly into the 2-inch hole when the two slabs are in the proper position. The stakes should taper gradually toward the ends. There should be no shoulder at the point where the stakes enter the slab. The stakes should be fastened in place by wedges only.

When the stakes have been placed in position and tightly wedged, a brace 2 inches thick and 4 inches wide should be placed diagonally to them at the ditch end. The brace should be dropped on the front slab, so that its lower edge shall lie within an inch of the ground, while the other end should rest in the angle between the slab and the stake end.

A strip of iron about 3½ feet long, 3 or 4 inches wide and ¼ of an inch thick may be used for the blade. This should be attached to the front slab, so that it will be one-half inch below the lower edge of the slab at the ditch end, while the end of the iron toward the middle of the road should be flush with the edge of the slab. The bolts holding the blade in place should have flat heads and the holes to receive them should be countersunk.

A platform of inch boards held together by three cleats should be placed on the stakes between the slabs. These boards should be spaced at least an inch apart to allow any earth that may heap up and fall over the front slab to sift through upon the road again. The end cleats should be placed so that they will not rest upon the cross stakes, but drop inside them, while the middle cleat can be shifted to either side of the middle stake. These cleats should extend about an inch beyond the finished width of the platform.

An ordinary trace chain is strong enough to draw the implement, provided the clevis is not fastened thru a link. The chain should be wrapped around the rear stake, then passed over the front slab. Raising the chain at this end of the slab allows the earth to drift past the face of the drag. The other end of the chain should be passed through the hole in the end of the slab and is held by a pin passed through a link. One and one-half trace chains are sufficient.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Sunday school in the Baptist church Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Song service in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 7:30 o'clock.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Eighth St., between Oak and Laurel. First reader, Mrs. M. A. Lewis. Services 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12 a. m.; Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

St. Andrews' Episcopal Church Services—Sundays: 7:30; 11:00 a. m.; 8:00 p. m. Fridays, 7:30 p. m.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

PAID ADVERTISING.

Announcements in these columns of candidates for any political office within Clallam county are payable in advance at the rate of not less than $5.00 per inch, the announcement to run full time until the nominations are made. Half time, $2.50 per inch. No announcement will be received on any other terms, or for less than $5.00.

Reading notices, ten cents per line first insertion, five cents each subsequent insertion.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

For Auditor.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Auditor of Clallam County, subject to the September primaries.

R. D. McLAUGHLIN.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Treasurer of Clallam County, subject to the September primaries.

F. L. THOMPSON.

For Treasurer.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Treasurer of Clallam County, subject to the September primary.

C. L. BABCOCK.

For Treasurer.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Treasurer of Clallam County, subject to the September primaries.

Held following important business positions of trust: From 1879 to 1881. Manager American, Foreign European Express, Davies, Turner & Co., head office 52 Lime Street London, E. C., England.

From 1882 to 1885. Cashier, Bookkeeper for Sixth and Market Street Car Line, St. Louis, Mo.

From 1886 to 1889. Manager St. Louis, Mo., office Germania Life Insurance Co., New York-Berlin.

Speak and write three languages.

WILLIAM A. LANGE.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

For Supt. of Schools.

I will be a candidate at the coming primary election on the Republican ticket for the office of Superintendent of Schools of Clallam County.

INA McNUTT.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

For County Clerk.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Clerk of Clallam County, subject to the September primaries.

HORACE WHITE.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

GARFIELD DAVIS

Is a candidate for
SHERIFF,
Subject to the September Primaries.

Jas. R. GALLAGHER
FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce myself as a Republican candidate for the office of Sheriff at the ensuing primary election, September 13. My candidacy is based on a rigid enforcement of the law, irrespective of who it may please or displease.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

For Assessor.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Assessor of Clallam county, subject to the September primaries.

WILLIS D. COOK.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

For Commissioner—First District.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket, for the office of County Commissioner from the First District, Clallam county, subject to the September primaries.

P. S. GOVAN.

For Commissioner—First District.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of County Commissioner from First District, Clallam county, subject to the September primaries.

FRANK LOTZGESELL.

For Commissioner-Second Dist.

I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of County Commissioner of the Second District of Clallam county, subject to the September primaries.

RAY L. HAYNES.

PAID ADVERTISEMENT.

CLAYPOOL

Republican
Olympia, Thurston County
Is a Candidate
FOR CONGRESS
Subjest to September Primaries

Mr. H. A. Campbell
PIANO INSTRUCTOR
Leschetizky Method
'Phone R176

Regular services at the Congregational church hereafter by the Rev. Stephen Smith, late of Lebanon, Conn. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 10 a.m. Everybody invited, especially those who have no other church home.

Shoes! Shoes!
You Need Them

Good Foot Wear is our specialty. We carry the well known and exclusive line – Queen Quality – as well as other well known and famous brands.
All our shoes are the best made – shoes such as only the best makers can turn out–and we wish to show them to you
We cater to the needs of the feet and are able to give you aid in comfortable wear. Come in and look them over and learn their merits. No trouble to show goods

Repair Work a Specialty

J. P. JENSEN Shoe Store "Quality"

IT MAKES A MAN FEEL PRETTY GOOD
TO HAVE MONEY IN THE BANK

If you don't believe it will make you feel good to have money in the bank and watch it grow, just TRY IT. It will be easy for you to save if you will only BEGIN. Do it today

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County
Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.

Mrs. S. E. Wright
Teacher of Piano
Pupil of Prof. Shortiss, of the Paris Conservatoire
Leschetizky Method Taught
Residence 413 Front St.
Phone L18

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
WORLD'S SCENIC ROUTE

Finest Trains East or West insist on having your Tickets read over Canadian Pacific.

Special Rates:
June-July-August
For dates of Sale and Rates, apply
W. V. Moore, Agent,
Port Angeles' Wash.
A. B. CALDER, Gen. Agent,
Seattle, Wash.

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information
Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, County of Clallam.
J. M. Henderson, Jr., Plaintiff, vs. Edward F. Howard and the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway Co., a corporation, Defendant.
The State of Washington,

To the above named defendant, Edward F. Howard:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this Summons, to-wit, within sixty (60) days after the 6th day of May, 1910, and defend the above entitled action in the Court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer on plaintiff's attorneys at their offices below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of said complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to foreclose a certain real estate mortgage on the following described property, to-wit:

The West one-half (W½) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼); the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼); and the Southwest quarter (SW ¼) of the Northwest quarter (NW¼) of Sec. 28, Township 30, North Range 14 West of the Willamette Meridian, Washington, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres.

Said mortage being given to secure the sum of $1215.00, with interest thereon at the rate of six ($6\frac{5}{8}$%) per cent per annum from the 30th day of November, 1908, together with an attorney's fee of ten per cent of the above amount and costs and disbursements of this action; said mortgage having been made and executed on the 30th day of November, 1906, by the above named Edward P. Howard as Mortgagor, in favor of the above named J. M. Henderson, Jr., as Mortgagee

GILL, HOYT & FRYE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. address:
427-9 Colman Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., May 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Francis Gilson Cox, son and heir of Ellen S. Cox deceased, widow of John E. Cox deceased, of Seattle, Wash., who, on Oct. 8, 1907, made Homestead Entry, No. 19597, for W ½ SE¼, E½ SW¼, Section 28 Township 29 N., Range 6 W., Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Seattle, Wash., on the 15th day of July, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John D. Hickok, of Port Angeles, Wash.
E. A. FitzHenry, of " " "
Theodore Bradshaw, of " " "
Albert Smith, of Seattle, Wash.
George W. Wells, of Seattle, Wash.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Notice to Creditors.

No, 497.
In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
In the matter of the Estate of John D. McQueen, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, John A. McKee, administrator of the estate of John D. McQueen, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within one year after the date of the first publication of this notice, to said John A. McKee at his residence, on Eighth street, near Pine street, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated July 8th, 1910.

JOHN A. McKEE,
Administrator of the Estate of John D. McQueen, deceased.
James Stewart, Attorney for the Estate.
First publication, July 8th, 1910.

Morey & Wright
Successor to H. P. McNut
Horse Shoeing and Wagon Repairing
Satisfaction Guaranteed

You Need a Good Remedy for

Chapped Hand and Face

Keeping Freckles Away

To Stop That Cough

To Ease Those Corns

We carry the best of every
One of These Remedies

Mathewson's Drug Store

PHONE 28

If You are Going

Fishing Picnicing or Camping

You Will Need

Lunch Goods

Chipped Beef	Lunch Tonge
Peanut Butter	Vienna Sausage
Lunch Tongue	Deviled Ham
Veal Loaf	Sardines
Pickles	Olives

Tea and Coffee

1 lb Choice Ceylon Tea - Comax	5oc.
1 lb " Spider Leg " "	50c
1 lb " Eng. Brkfst " "	50c
White Aouse Coffee - one of the best	40c lb
Bed Rock - a One blend	25c lb

Choice Wisconsin Cheese 25c. lb

THE GATE CITY GROCERY
PHONE 243

Here is Your

OPPORTUNITY

To Save Dollars

On Merchandise of High Character A TRUE and SINCERE Marked Down SALE for TEN DAYS

Watch for Posters

Times Clothing Mart

CITY NEWS

Baker will trade you a new stove for the old one.

New line of Iron beds and matresses at H. Baker & Son's.

For sale cheap—50 acres at Mt. Pleasant. Apply to L.R. Thompson

All kinds of Garden Tools. H. Baker & Son.

Button Day. Watch for the but tons. Button Day is coming.

Mrs. E. B. Webster returned home from Seattle Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Phelps and son left Tuesday for Seattle.

Harry Gray left Tuesday for a two weeks fishing trip at Pysht.

Mrs. C. P. Brown and Dorothy returned from a Seattle visit Wednesday.

Quite a number of Angeles' old time friends from Victoria spent the Fouth here.

T. F. and Allan Trumbull were upsound passengers on the Whatcom Wednesday.

Among Wednesday's passengers returning from Seattle were Mr. and Oscar Morse.

Screen doors, garden tools, garden hose, all lengths, at Christopherson & Leland's.

Now is the time to get your bicycles cleaned and repaired at Baker & Son's.

Mrs. Herman Mitchell and little daughter returned from a Seattle visit on Wednesday's boat.

Miss Sister of Seattle spent the early week in the city, the guest of Mrs. C. I. Haswell.

Scott Perkins was here from Seattle on the 4th. Scott is a member of Co. A, State Guards.

Mrs. Alice Raymond departed Wednesday for Los Angeles, Cal., where she visits a daughter.

Mrs. Delabarre is entertaining her friend, Mrs. Hoyt, better known here as Mrs. Carusi, from Seattle.

Screen doors, garden tools, garden hose, all lengths, at Christopherson & Leland's.

Messrs. Amby and Roy McClinton, with their wives, were pleasant home visitors this week from Seattle.

Automobile to trade for close in Angeles lots. Tell me what you have. C. R. Jones, 415 Bailey Bldg, Seattle.

"Charcoal John," a well known Port Angeles character, committed suicide Saturday by the shotgun route.

The best floor, the best crowd and the best music at A A A Hall tomorrow (Saturday) night. Ladies free, Gents 50c.

Why not trade at the best place, you certainly want the best and you will find it at Phone 5, E. W. Merrill & Co.

The Woman's Literary Club will give a Button Day for the benefit of the Bridge Fund. Watch papers for further notice.

Mrs. Ramsdale returned today to her home at Alki Point after month's visit here with her daughter, Mrs. G. Frame.

Mrs. Sam. Treby is a most welcome guest at the home of Robert Treby. She came down from Seattle Wednesday.

Shingles are being placed for shipment on the new city dock. The dock, however, is far from complete, and no warehouse is yet placed there.

Mr. Hunt, wife and child, from Seattle, are here for a few days vacation visit. Mr. H. was formerly an Iowa newspaper man, at present on the Seattle P.-I. reportorial staff.

Mr. Bonnett, the popular Gate City groceryman, is off on a vacation trip of two weeks, combining business with pleasure in acting as advance agent for the Dumont entertainment company.

When in want of anything in the fresh or salt meat line, just drop into James Fitzgerald's shop, the Bell building on Front street. Our motto is, the best of meats and courteous treatment to the wants of customers.

A 55 per cent dividend on your annual premium returned to you, Mr. Policy Holder. Pretty good, isn't it? This is what the Northwestern is doing for its policy holders. Better phone (R68), write or see Geo. A. Sewell, P. O., Port Angeles, agent for Clallam and Jefferson counties for the Northwestern Mutual Fire Association.

We ran across an old paper the other day printed at New Oregon, Iowa, November 20, 1858, two years prior to the Civil War, that throws some light upon the subject of high living that we hear so much about at the present time. It seems that there was a much greater difference in the prices of produce, such as the farmer had to sell, than other commodities. Flour was quoted at $2.50 hundred, eggs 8c, butter 12c, hay $2.50 ton, wood $1.25 chord. Sugar 15c lb., raisins 40c, English currants 30c lb., lamp oil $1.25 per gallon, and other groceries in proportion.

Watch for the Buttons.

Imported Fish Balls, 20c per can, at Fish Market.

For iron beds of all kinds call on Christopherson & Leland.

Button Day. Watch for the but tons; Button Day is coming.

Genuine Iceland Herring, large and fat, 3 for 25c, at Fish Market.

Buggy and harness for sale. J. M. Gardner, 8th and Francis Sts.

Mrs. Bonnett is caring for her grandchild while Mr. and Mrs. Dumont are on the road.

Come and enjoy a good dance on a good floor and good music at AAA Hall Saturday night, July 9. Gentlemen 50c; ladies free.

A new line of the famous Imported Hand-Made Swede Scythes at H. Gutenberg Hardware and Furniture Co.

H. Fathers was down from Everett enjoying the Fourth in Angeles and visiting his brother C. A. before the latters departure for the East.

Girl Wanted—To learn typesetting on Simplex machine. Must have fair education and be willing to work. Apply at this office.

For Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments at reasonable prices, call at Wright's studio of Music, 413 Front street. Phone L,185.

Lost—A black mare, 2 years old, four white feet, white face, branded with a star. Liberal reward.
Dick Eacrett.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. for July 8th is postponed and will be held July 15th at the W. C. T. U. reading rooms. All members and friends are requested to be present.

The Eagles will have a picnic on the 17th day of July, 1910, at the mouth of the Elwha River. All members are requested to attend the meeting Saturday night to make arrangements for the picnic.

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One of the soldiers of the N.G.W., while here for the Fourth, lost or misplaced his bayonet and has sent word that anyone finding it will kindly leave it at Willson Hardware Co. store.

Mrs. Jno. Trumbull and brother, A. H. Sawyer, arrived in the city ftom Seattle Saturday, Mrs. Trumbull being called here because of the illness of her daughter Annette Trumbull, whom, we are pleased to state, is much better.

Ira Hall, formerly of Port Townsend but more recently of Seattle, came Sunday for a visit with his wife, who has been here keeping house for her sister, Mrs. E. B. Webster, while the latter was in Seattle.

Donald McInnes was a Port Angeles visitor from Seattle last Friday. Mr. McInnes assisted the Eagle to scream at the Fourth of July celebration in his old home town, Dungeness, Saturday, and he did it in a very acceptable way, we are told.

E. B. Webster returned from Seattle last Friday, much improved, and looking quite well although feeble. Monday, he went out to Haynes' cabin, Mt. Angeles, accompanied by his son Charles, for an outing, hoping to gain strength from the health-giving ozone of that region.

PREDICT BIG DRY ZONE

No Saloons, Is Prophesy, In Two States By End of 1912.

Spokane, June 27.—Boyd P. Doty, head of the Anti-Saloon league in the state of Washington, and William J. Herwig, superintendent of the league in Idaho, declare that both common wealths will be "dry" before the close of 1912. The former said also that the province of British Columbia will be saloonless within a few years, adding that then the only "wet" border of the state will be the Pacific ocean. They expect the liquor interest to make a hard fight but believe that no candidate to the legislature will take a chance with the voters.

Mr. Doty says that the league needs nine senators to win this year, while Mr. Herwig claims that only 100 saloons are left in Idaho, where 16 of the 23 counties are dry. Boise is the only one of the 13 cities in the state having a population of more than 500 that is in the wet column, he said, adding "and 270,000 of the estimated population of 300,000 live in dry territory. The league will endeavor to get the next legislature to outlaw all saloons.

E. W MERRILK & Co

The growth of our business has proven that the people will recognize an honest conducted business, with a One Price To All.- We will be pleased to quote you prices on any article you wish, drop us a postal or better still make us a call.

Berry Season is Here

You wan't to be sure and get the right kind of sugar, you know that beet sugar will not jell! We do not try to sell a cheaper article to you at the highest price, our beet sugar is cheaper than fruit, which is the only sugar if you are preserving.

Our Meat Market

Is conducted on the same line as our grocery department. We sell meat as cheap as we can and do a safe business. We pay cash for all meats bought. We will not sell you anything but the best and invite you to give us a chance to make good for anything that is not right.

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Girls!
A Secret

Eat lots of cream and you'll have rosy cheeks and a "baby" complexion. At lunch, in the afternoon and at every opportunity, eat a dish of

GLENDALE ICE CREAM
(Because Its Pure)

Its good for health and good for the complexion. Eat lots of it.

GLENDALE CREAMERY COMPANY

Call For It at Fruit Stands

...THE...

PORT ANGELES GROCERY CO.

FLOUR, FEED and GROCERIES

Oat and Alfalfa Hay

We have the Exclusive Sale—

Of Ideal Flour, the best that can be made from the best Blue Stem Wheat

Of the Famous Chase & Sanborn Teas and Coffees

Of the Waldorf brand of Canned Goods, the best Eastern Product

If You Want Quality Try These Goods

F. A. STILES, Proprietor.

RECORD TEMPERATURE.

Washington in the Lead.

Miles City, Montana holds the record for variation in temperature. The highest temperature recorded there is 111 degrees, which is within eight degrees of the highest recorded in the United States. Miles City's lowest mark has been 67 degrees below zero, which is truly arctic. The range between these two extremes is 178 degrees, which is a record. Phoenix, Arizona, holds the record for the hottest weather, 119 degrees. Yuma saw the mercury touch 118 degrees. The southern tip of Florida is the only spot in the United States, which has never known a freeze. The most equable climate in this country is found in Tatoosh Island, in the Strait of Juan de Fuca, between Washington and Vancouver Island, where the temperature has never been above 80 degrees and rarely falls below 50 degrees.

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

Republicans of Maine renominated Gov. Bert M. Fernald and State Auditor Charles P. Hatch, both by acclamation.

Senator John W. Daniel of Virginia died suddenly Wednesday last. He had been in poor health for some time.

The freshman Yale crew defeated the Harvard freshmen four-oared crew in their mile row. Time, 5:37½. Harvard's time was 5:39.

Theodore Roosevelt will be the guest of the Milwaukee Press Club September 7, the occasion being the celebration of the club's silver jubilee.

A new division will be created in the general land office July 1 to pass upon all contested government land cases. William J. Magee of Michigan will be chief.

William T. Thompson of Nebraska has been appointed solicitor of the treasury to succeed Maurice D. O'Connell, resigned. The appointment becomes effective October 1.

All records were broken for European travel in New York June 25, when eleven great liners sailed with 5,038 cabin passengers. Ninety per cent were American tourists.

Gov. Sloan of Arizona has issued a proclamation fixing September 12 as the date for the election of delegates to the convention which will frame the constitution of the new state of Arizona.

The Venezuelan congress has adjourned. Among the more important laws enacted were those giving greater advantage to foreign mining interests and encouraging the construction of artesian wells throughout the country.

A British Indian law court has declared William Jennings Bryan's pamphlet on British rule in India to be a seditious publication, and the possession or sale of it has been made punishable with 11 months' imprisonment and $70 fine.

The insurgents in the Vermont Republican convention were defeated by a small margin when John A. Mead was nominated for governor. Mead's plurality was only three votes. The convention demanded a non-partisan tariff commission.

Secretary Nagle of the department of commerce and labor will visit Seattle and Tacoma between July 15 and 20. He will afterward visit Alaska.

Joseph Laubner, F. R. Stewart and five others, reported drowned during a storm on Cook inlet, were found safe at Point Possession.

The largest steamships in the world are soon to be built by the Cunard Steamship Company. Work will start on the first one within a few weeks. The new liners will have 60,000 tonnage, or 15,000 more than the White Star steamers Olympic and Titanic, and 30,000 tons more than the Lusitania and Mauretania.

Harvard cleared up the Thames with two decisive victories over Yale. The crimson freshmen eight-oared crew beat the youngsters from New Haven by three lengths, and the Harvard varsity four bettered this performance a little later by rowing away from Yale in the last eighth mile of a surprising race and finishing four lengths in the lead.

Asher C. Hinds, parliamentarian of the house of representatives, has been nominated for congress from the First Maine district, defeating Colonel Fred Hale, son of Senator Eugene Hale.

Three million dollars in gold dust has been received by the Fairbanks banks since the season opened, six weeks ago. More than $1,000,000 in dust has already been shipped to Seattle.

MILWAUKEE SOCIALISTS OUST DISORDERLY BARS

Milwaukee, July 2.—The city council yesterday carried out the socialist policy of suppressing disorderly saloons in the city by denying licenses to 104 bars that had not been conducted properly. This included two burlesque theatres.

Trust Found in New Zealand.

Wellington, N. Z., July 2.—Sir Joseph Ward, the premier, in a speech here foreshadowing the government's anti-trust legislation said that it was possessed of clear evidence that a powerful American company was exercising a restrictive and prejudicial influence on New Zealand. He added that it had created a monopoly of the worst kind which must be stopped. The premier did not name the company.

Port Arthur Open to World.

Tokio, July 2.—The announcement of the opening of Port Arthur to the shipping of all nations, commencing July 1, is published in the official gazette.

Washington State News Items

A. H. Yoder, superintendent of the Tacoma public schools, has retired.

Several miles of cement sidewalk construction is to be undertaken at Pasco this year.

The annual convention of Christian churches of the state was held at Dayton last week. Over two hundred delegates attended.

Helen Lester, of Spokane, has been appointed by Gov. Hay member of the state nurses' examining board to succeed Miss Mary Keating, whose term expired.

Dr. Joseph K. Hart, professor in Baker university, Baldwin, Kan., has been notified of his appointment as assistant professor of education at the University of Washington.

Over one hundred King county corporation charters are declared by the prosecuting attorney's office to be void because of non-compliance with the terms of their charters.

Steps preliminary to the organization of a branch of the National Industrial Peace Association in Seattle were taken at a meeting in the Commercial Club rooms last week.

The state has received notice that its bid is accepted for $150,000 in bonds, which were recently issued by Pacific county to finance the construction of a new court house in South Bend.

A total of 176,662,717 pieces of mail, in the shape of letters and papers, was handled by the Seattle postoffice during the fiscal year ending June 30. Of this number, 16,535,368 were letters mailed and distributed in the city.

A decision by Judge John F. Main of King county holds that a wife cannot legally trade sewing machines without her husband's consent. The case came up on account of the trading of an old machine as part payment on a new one.

The county auditors of the state in session at Walla Walla chose Spokane as the next place of meeting and elected officers as follows: President, Robert Butler, Spokane; vice president, Alex Van Wyck, Bellingham; secretary, J. W. Brislawn, Davenport.

At Seattle a total of 1,087 building permits, aggregating a value of $1,519,955, were issued in June. The largest item was $371,500 for brick buildings, the next largest $300,000 for reenforced steel frame buildings. Stone was the only material not specified in any of the permits for entire structures.

Annual corporations license fees became delinquent June 30 and companies in arrears will be liable to an additional tax of $2.50. Notices were sent out recently to all corporations that paid their license taxes for last year, stating that the fees would become delinquent on June 30, and most of the taxes for 1911 have been paid.

AUDITOR RIDICULES STATE MARRIAGE LAW

Walla Walla, July 2.—Stating that the present marriage law, as far as the beneficial intent is concerned, is a "howling farce," M. B. Kies, auditor of Clarke county, is advocating its repeal and a return to the old law, with, however, medical examination required.

He discussed this question before the county auditor's association and kept them roaring with laughter at some of his illustrations and phrases.

Auditor Kies said that any law that tends to hurt the sensitive, degrade the honest, and make liars out of all, should be abolished, saving that part of the law which fixes the minimum age of consent and for marriage, on the part of the female at fifteen years. Really this should be sixteen, he said.

Auditor Kies derided the law as passed by the legislature, and which was effective two years ago, and also paid his respects to the substitute bill passed in the fall. The first one had a good feature, medical examination, but this was made ineffective by the prices the doctors charged and which drove couples elsewhere because of its features.

SOME FOREST RESERVE LANDS ELIMINATED

Washington, July 2.—Proclamations eliminating nearly 500,000 acres from the national forest lands and adding about 100,000 acres to the reserves have been signed by President Taft. The lands taken from the forest reserves were found to be suitable for agricultural purposes.

From the Beaverhead national forest in Idaho and Montana 106,875 acres were taken and 203,344 acres were eliminated from the Coconino forest in Arizona. About 60,000 acres will be taken from the Targhee national forest in Idaho and Wyoming, and 16,013 acres will be eliminated from the Deer Lodge forest in Montana.

Statistician Pays Fine.

Washington, July 2.—Edward S. Holmes, Jr., former associate statistician of the department of agriculture, indicted in 1905 for misconduct in office in connection with the cotton statistics leak, pleaded guilty in criminal court No. 1. He was fined $5,000, which he paid.

Would Rehear Rate Case.

Washington, July 2.—A petition for a rehearing was filed in the supreme court of the United States by the railroads in the Missouri river rate case.

CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER

THIRD IN RANK FOR LENGTH OF SERVICE IN HIGHEST JUDICIAL OFFICE.

Appointed by President Grover Cleveland in 1888, Succeeding Chief Justice Waite—Many Changes in the Court Since That Time.

Bar Harbor, Me., July 6.—Funeral services for the late Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, who died at his summer home at Sorrento, near this place, will be held at Sorrento and the interment will be at Chicago. The date for the funeral has not yet been fixed. Chief Justice Fuller was in his seventy-eighth year.

For many years the chief justice had spent his summers at Sorrento, a summer colony located on Frenchman's Bay, five miles from Bar Harbor.

To Chief Justice Fuller fell the honor of third rank for length of service as presiding justice in the highest tribunal of the American government. For twenty-two years he was chief justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, but Chief Justice Marshall presided over the court for thirty-four years and Chief Justice Laney for twenty-eight years. With the future rests the determination of his rank among the eight chief justices of history for ability and accomplishments.

Found by Cleveland.

Before Grover Cleveland sent his name to the senate, on April 30, 1888, for confirmation as chief justice, he was practically unknown except to members of the legal profession. In Maine, where he was born on February 11, 1833, he had been known as a well-behaved, rather scholarly lad. He had gone to Bowdoin College, and, incidentally, there won most of the prizes for elocution. He had gone down to Harvard law school for one year. Finally he blossomed forth as a full-fledged lawyer and politician of a high-minded sort in his native city of Augusta. He became an associate editor of a Democratic paper called The Age, and about the same time was elected president of the city council and the city solicitor. Soon thereafter he left Maine for the greater opportunities of life in Chicago.

Lived in Chicago.

From 1856 to 1888 he lived in Chicago, but attracted little attention outside his immediate circles of friends and associates at the bar until he undertook the defense of Bishop Henry on a charge of heresy. His knowledge of ecclesiastical history and procedure astonished those who conducted the case, and his argument of the case of the bishop before the Supreme Court of Illinois is referred to still as a forensic effort seldom, if ever, surpassed in that court.

Delegate to Conventions.

He was delegate to the national conventions of the Democratic party in 1864, 1872, 1876 and 1880.

The Maine boy who had "gone West" accomplished much, however, notwithstanding his quiet life. He had laid the foundations for a deep understanding of the commercial laws of the country, and along this line he had performed services for clients that were estimated to have netted him an annual income of $30,000. These accomplishments led the Republican senators from Illinois to urge on the Democratic president the appointment of Mr. Fuller as the successor of Chief Justice Waite.

Nomination Held Up.

The nomination of Mr. Fuller, then 55 years old, was followed by a memorable contest in the senate. The judiciary committee with its Republican majority, to which the nomination was sent April 30, held up the appointment until July 20. Then the committee reported it to the senate "without recommendation." For three hours the body debated in executive session whether to confirm or reject the nomination. The attack on Mr. Fuller was led by Senators Edmunds, Evarts and Stewart. Senators Cullom and Farwell defended him. The reports that he had been a "copperhead" during the civil war and that he did not possess the requisite ability as a lawyer were gone over. Finally, by a vote of 41 to 20, his nomination was confirmed.

Court Has Changed.

Since that day the entire court, as it then existed, has passed away with the single exception of Justice Harlan.

The service of Chief Justice Fuller was noted for the dignity with which he filled the position. He preserved that, manner, whether on the bench or off it. Although small of stature, not more than 5 feet 7 inches, his wealth of silvery hair and classic features made him a commanding figure wherever he appeared.

Chilberg Gets Decoration.

Seattle, July 2.—Consul K. Hayashi, acting for the emperor of Japan, has presented J. E. Chilberg with the gold decoration of the Imperial Order of the Rising Sun, third class, as a token of appreciation of his assistance to the Japanese officials and exhibitors during the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition last summer. The badge, representing a sunburst, with the rays radiating from a large ruby, was encased in a beautiful Japanese lacquer box with gilt ornamentation.

WIRELESS EQUIPMENT FOR ALL OCEAN VESSELS

Following is the text of the wireless telegraph bill as it finally passed the house after having passed the senate:

"Be it enacted, etc., That from and after the 1st day of July, 1911, it shall be unlawful for any ocean-going steamer of the United States, or of any foreign country, carrying passengers and carrying fifty or more persons, including passengers and crew, to leave or attempt to leave any port of the United States unless such steamer shall be equipped with an efficient apparatus for radio communication, in good working order, in charge of a person skilled in the use of such apparatus, which apparatus shall be capable of transmitting and receiving messages over a distance of at least 100 miles, night or day; provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to steamers plying only between ports less than 200 miles apart.

Message Exchange Ordered.

"Sec. 2. That for the purpose of this act apparatus for radio communication shall not be deemed to be efficient unless the company installing it shall contract in writing to exchange, and shall, in fact, exchange, as far as may be physically practicable, to be determined by the master of the vessel, messages with shore or ship stations using other systems of radio communication.

"Sec. 3. That the master or other person being in charge of any such vessel which leaves or attempts to leave any port of the United States in violation of any of the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction, be fined in a sum not more than $5,000, and any such fine shall be a lien upon such vesesl, and such vessel may be libeled therefor in any district court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such vessel shall arrive or depart, and the leaving or attempting to leave each and every port of the United States shall constitute a separate offense.

"Sec. 4. That the secretary of commerce and labor shall make such regulations as may be necessary to secure the proper execution of this act by collectors of customs, and other officers of the government."

COMMISSION WILL BE VERY JUDICIAL

Beverly, Mass., July 2.—President Taft had a long talk with Chairman Knapp, of the interstate commerce commission, regarding the administration of the railroad rate law. At the conclusion of the conference it was made plain that the added authority given to the commission by the new law is not to be used arbitrarily to hinder the railroads in the conduct of their legitimate business.

The power to suspend new rates, probably the most direct weapon placed in the hands of the commission, is to be used only in exceptional cases.

Chairman Knapp told the president the commission had already refused an application under the new law for a suspension of increased rates on horses, vehicles and automobiles.

He said there was nothing on the face of things to show the new rates were unjust or unreasonable.

The interstate commerce commission will not attempt to fix definite rates for the railroads, and the power of suspension will be applied only to rates when a preliminary hearing gives indication that they are excessive.

RAILWAY BROTHERHOODS FORM CLOSE UNION

Spokane, July 2.—Railway brotherhoods on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific systems have perfected a system federation whereby all the unions will act as a unit in case of trouble.

The federation makes provision for a board of arbitration, to be composed of one member of each of the brotherhoods, which will first try to adjust the trouble. In case no settlement can be reached the aggrieved union may call a strike by referendum vote, and all affiliated unions must abide by the strike order.

The federation just perfected has affiliated the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

ORR REPUBLICAN CHOICE FOR ALASKA DELEGATE

Juneau, Alaska, July 4.—Ed. S. Orr, of Valdez, was nominated as the Republican candidate for territorial delegate to Congress. The nomination was made on the third ballot, when Leroy Tozier, of Fairbanks, who had been running a close second to Orr, withdrew his name and threw his support to the Valdez man.

The convention adopted a plank for its platform favoring home rule when the proper time comes.

The convention asked for the division of the territory and opposes conservation as now practiced in Alaska, citing the coal lands are being allowed to lie idle, while coal is imported from British Columbia and Japan. Resolutions were adopted lauding the administration of President Taft and Gov. Clark.

President Favors Primaries.

Beverly, Mass., July 2.—The president announced that he has always favored direct primaries, and while he did not believe in doing away with the state conventions, favored the application of the direct primary principle to as many offices as possible.

SCOPE OF STATE UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENT KANE OUTLINES AIMS OF INSTITUTION IN ADDRESS.

Co-operates With Various State and Federal Departments in Various Investigations.—Highly Trained Men and High Grade Equipment of Great Service.

"The purpose of the university is to train the students for the higher order of manhood and womanhood, which means the highest order of citizenship, to fit them for the work that needs most to be done in the state, and besides these two great purposes the university renders directly to the public, under the auspices of the state, government departments and the university itself, the service that can be rendered through its highly trained men and its high grade equipment," said Dr. Thomas Franklin Kane, president of the University of Washington, in an address delivered on "The Scope of the University," delivered before the university summer school.

University Must Keep Close to People.

"A university to do its best must keep in touch with the people whom it is to serve," continued Dr. Kane. "This is true of a state university, as of our public schools, in a peculiar degree, and so, while the university conducts its work much the same as in any other university to the outward observer, in spirit the state university conducts its work at all times, if true to its environment, conscious of the state's needs.

"In the way of illustration, I may say that we believe that in certain of our high schools training should be provided in agriculture, that the work in domestic science should be encouraged, that the high schools will be benefited by manual training, that the students in the high schools will, in many cases, be benefited by training in bookkeeping and commercial arithmetic. And so we co-operate in encouraging this work in the high schools by granting credit for entrance for this work to the extent that it may be done in addition to the work that is necessary to prepare a student to follow the actual courses that he is to take in the university.

Helpful to High Schools.

"In the same way provision has been made in the university for training in public school music, in household economics and in manual training, not primarily as university work but with a view to helping equip teachers to do certain work in high school, which we feel will be helpful to the high school in doing a service to the public that the high school should do.

"This is the principle followed in the university in determining the way in which work is done, and likewise in determining the departments of work established in the university.

"The last school to be established in the university was the school of forestry. This school was established because the lumber interest is one of the greatest, if not the greatest, industry in the state. An official in one of the great timber syndicates of the state estimates the value of the timber in Washington roughly at $400,000,000. It is within reason to hope that the work of our school of forestry may help in an important degree to determine what may be realized on the timber wealth of the state. We are working, too on questions connected with the taxation of timber lands with a view to inaugurating a method of taxing timber lands, such that holders will not be forced by the burden of taxes to cut that timber before it should be felled.

"On account of the large number of men who are experts in their respective lines, and on account of the equipment in the various departments, the libraries and laboratories, special service may be rendered to the public of the highest order."

The president cited the benefits that would accrue to the state from the departments of highway engineering, geology, forestry, civil engineering, and similar branches of university work.

"Prof. Henry M. Landes, head of the department of geology, has served as state geologist ten years," said Mr. Kane. "Topographic maps prepared by the state and government in cooperation show the elevations and contours of the country and furnish the information needed for a projected railroad, street car line, irrigation canal or any similar engineering project. This information would otherwise have to be gained through preliminary surveys at an immense expenditure and frequently at an expense that is a bar to a projected enterprise.

Investigates Water Supplies.

"Hydrography investigates the volume of water for power purposes in the mountain streams of the state, the amount the year round in streams for irrigation purposes and the water supply for cities and towns. Other branches of this geological work now carried on are surveys of sections of the state supposed to contain coal deposits, investigations in the regions supposed to contain metal in paying quantities, cement materials and location of rock for good road material. All of this work is under the supervision of the state geologist, and at the end of the biennium a report will show an expenditure well up toward $100,000.

"The dean of the school of pharmacy serves as official chemist to the state dairy and food commissioner. An assistant is employed in the laboratory who gives his entire time to this work in addition to the time that is given by Dean Johnson himself.

Conviction in Freezum Cases.

"Convictions have been obtained and fines collected at Aberdeen, Bellingham, Chehalis, Ellensburg, Everett, North Yakima, Olympia, Seattle and Tacoma. Fines amounting to $13,500 were assessed against meat dealers in Seattle for using 'freezum' as a preservative. Under meat might be mentioned the inspection at Christmas time of poultry in cold storage in Seattle which resulted in the destroying of ten tons of cold storage fowl.

"The professor of municipal engineering in the university serves as sanitary engineer to the state board of health.

"The head of our department of botany serves as the state botanist.

Co-operation With Government.

"The president of the university serves as a member of the state board of geological survey, and is also a member of the state board of education.

"The head of our department of chemistry has just been making a chemical analysis for the state board of control.

"There are fourteen different lines of work in which university members co-operate and work under the auspices of the government. In six of these departments the government is represented by its own men at the university.

"The psychological clinic, conducted by the departments of psychology and education, makes examinations of children classed as backward, the causes for whose defects are somewhat outside the ordinary diagnosis of a physician."

WICKERSHAM NAMED TO RUN AGAINST ORR

Junea, Alaska, July 2.—James Wickersham was nominated to succeed himself as territorial delegate to congress by the "insurgent" Republican convention, representing the faction opposed to National Committeeman L. P. Shackelford. Wickersham's nomination was made on the first ballot and was unanimous.

His opponent is Ed Orr, of Valdez, who was nominated by the regular Republican convention yesterday. The Democrats have not named a candidate, but a committee selected at the convention here several weeks ago is expected to meet within a few days and pick a man to run against Wickersham and Orr.

The insurgents adopted resolutions indorsing Delegate Wickersham's acts in congress, denouncing the Beveridge bill for the government of Alaska, protesting against the forest reserve policy in Alaska and the tying up of coal lands, and demanding a federal investigation of the charges made in Washington concerning the attempts of the corporations to secure control of the judicial system of the teritory.

EASTERN CAPITAL WILL DEVELOP WATER POWER

Portland, Ore., July 2.—Eastern capital is heavily interested in a project to develop the water power possibilities of Eastern Washington and Oregon. The Pacific Power & Light Company has just been formed, with a capital stock of $7,500,000, which has for its avowed object the development of a great electrical generating and distributing system throughout the Yakima, Walla Walla and Columbia valleys.

Other concerns that had prior rights in this territory have been taken over by the new organization, which plans to carry on a big development over the whole region under one head. The big corporation will give special attention to furnishing electrical power for irrigation work throughout the territory covered.

It is promised that by concentrating the water power development in the Northwest a more satisfactory service than can be rendered by individual companies will be insured.

Postal Deficit Smaller.

Washington, July 4.—Postmaster General Hitchcock is confident that the postal deficit will be reduced $10,000,000 this fiscal year. Already he has returned $5,000,000 of the sum set apart from the public funds to defray postal expenses this year. The total deficit at the beginning of the present fiscal year was $17,500,000.

$30,000 for Irrigation Plant.

Chelan, July 2.—Marvin Chase, consulting engineer of the Wapato Irrigation Company, authorizes the statement that this company will expend $30,000 in work on its Lake Chelan irrigation project this summer, in addition to the large contracts recently let, and may expend a great deal more than that.

Schiff Party Off for Alaska.

Seattle, July 2.—The steamship Ramona, owned by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company and chartered by Jacob H. Schiff, the New York banker, to taket a party of Easterners to Alaska, has sailed and will be absent about a month.

ROOSEVELT VISITS PRESIDENT

OLD FRIENDS DISPLAY GREAT AFFECTION AT MEETING AT BEVERLY.

No Doubt of Delight at Meeting Entertained by Witnesses—"Nothing Particular to Say," Says Theodore, Uuon Leaving—Rapid Fire Conversation for Two Hours.

For a full minute this afternoon President Taft and Theodore Roosevelt stood on the broad veranda of the Evans cottage at Beverly, Mass., with hands on each other's shoulders, while delight shone in their smile-wreathed countenances, says a press dispatch.

"Mr. President." It was Roosevelt who spoke, and there was earnest warmth in his salutation.

"Theodore."

They patted each other affectionately on the shoulder.

They laughed in a way that left no doubt as to the exuberance of their feelings. They seemed utterly oblivious of the fact that others were present.

"It used to be 'Mr. President' and 'Will,' did it?" the colonel cried in his old familiar high-pitched voice, "but now it's 'Mr. President' and 'Theodore.'"

Meet Affectionately.

The two friends, meeting after sixteen months' separation with all the warmth that used to characterize their association in Washington, slapped each other again on arms and shoulders.

And so it went throughout the afternoon. When Col. Roosevelt was president and Mr. Taft was secretary of war their meetings in the executive offices at Washington were always characterized by the same cordiality that was shown today. White House attaches who witnessed the greeting this afternoon said it was just like the old days. There was a rapid fire of conversation. The meeting was everything that the friends of President Taft have claimed it would be, and the persistent prophesies of those who have insisted all along that a coolness had developed between the two men, proved false.

Visit for Hours.

Col. Roosevelt was in the spirit of the recent association with the president, when after two hours and twenty minutes spent with Mr. Taft and members of his family he started back to Nahant to spend a second night with Senator Lodge.

As he was leaving the shaded grounds of the president's cottage, the colonel stopped to speak with several old newspaper friends from Washington.

"I had a pleasant time with the president," he exclaimed. "There is nothing particular to say, is there Cabot?" turning to Senator Lodge.

Has Delightful Time.

"No, I think not," put in the senator. "We had a delightful time and that is all there is to it," the colonel added.

"By George, look at those miscreants," he exclaimed, as several photographers who had climbed on a stone wall for a vantage, began to click their cameras in a perfect fusilade of snap shots.

"Does Beverly come up to Oyster Bay?" some one asked.

"You know I'm fond of Oytser Bay," Mr. Roosevelt replied, "and I don't want to make any comparisons, but by George, Beverly is beautiful. This whole north shore is perfectly lovely."

Walk Arm in Arm.

With a wave of his Panama hat and a hearty word of good bye he was off.

The president and Col. Roosevelt walked about the varandas of the cottage for some time arm in arm.

They sat for a while in a secluded portion of the porch overlooking the bay. The afternoon was ideal. Their heads were close together, but scarcely a minute passed that their voices were not ringing with laughter. No meeting of old friends could have been more affectionate.

Conversation Confidential.

What of politics entered into the conversation, what words of reminiscence, what exchange of experiences and happenings during the last sixteen month sno one on the veranda, other than the two friends themselves, knows.

There were several peals of laughter, many slaps on the back, much of cordiality, and it was apparent that there had been no suggestion of a conflict of views.

Col. Roosevelt, when asked if he would visit Beverly again, replied:

"I don't know that I shall."

Treasury Has Surplus.

Washington, July 2.—A surplus of $9,402,000 in the ordinary receipts and expenditures, against a deficit last year of $58,734,000, is announced by the treasury department.

Tacoma Man Gets Big Job.

Tacoma, July 2.—George S. Long, of this city, was made general manager of the Weyerhaeuser Timber Company. He has been resident agent of the company since its organization in 1900.

FREIGHT TARIFFS REDUCED

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION MAKES IMPORTANT RULING.

Reductions Are From Coast to Coast and Are to Be in Force Three Months Before Permanently Fixed—Fifty Per Cent Lopped Off on Some Tariffs.

Washington, July 2.— Decisions have been handed down by the interstate commerce commission, countrywide in importance. They affect freight rates—both class and commodity—on all transcontinental lines operating between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. Extensive reductions were ordered.

In what is known as the Reno case, the class and commodity rates from Sacramento, Cal., by the Southern Pacific, between Reno, Nev., and Cecil Junction, Utah, were declared excessive and "reasonable rates" were prescribed.

In what is known as the Portland "back haul" case the commission decided that the freight rates from Seattle, Tacoma and Portland to points in Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana were unreasonable, and a reduction of 20 per cent was proposed.

In the Spokane rates case the commission decide that present freight rates were excessive and just and reasonable rates on both class and commodity freight were established for the future.

Utah Rates Also Cut.

Present class rates between Utah common points and Mississippi and Missouri river transfer points were also found to be excessive, and they were ordered to be reduced about 18 per cent.

On complaint of the railroad commission of Nevada the interstate commerce commission held that the class rates from Eatsern defined territory to Nevada were unreasonable and ordered that rates materially lower be put into effect by the carriers.

The decisions are in what are popularly known as the Pacific coast cases. The cases were heard last autumn by the commission on its six weeks' trip to the Pacific coast and intermountain territory and have been under consideration ever since.

In every instance reductions in the rates complained of were made.

Spokane's Protest Years Old.

The commission found a remarkable rate situation existing on the Pacific coast and even a more remarkable one in the intermountain territory. This is notably true of the rates to and from Spokane, Wash., and Reno, Nev. The Spokane rate case had been before the commission in one form or another for several years. The shippers of that city complained insistently of the rates charged them on freight classes and commodities from Eastern points of origin, because they were required to pay the Pacific coast terminal rates, plus the local rates, back to Spokane from those terminals, although the freight was discharged at Spokane by the railroads on the western trip.

Substantially the same state of affairs existed at Reno and other points, which had to pay the rates to San Francisco and the back-haul local rates from San Francisco and Sacramento to the point of ultimate destination. These local rates in most instances amounted to two-fifths or more of the entire rate from eastern points of origin to Pacific coast terminals.

Eastern Rates Not Affected.

No complaint was made in any of the cases of the rates of the eastern lines between Atlantic points and Mississippi river transfers, and all of the reductions ordered by the commission affect the rates from Mississippi river and Missouri river transfer points to Pacific coast terminals and intermountain territorial points.

In fixing the rates to Spokane the commission did not use the rates to Seattle as a standard, but adjusted the rates to Spokane upon what is considered a reasonable basis, taking into account that water competition at Spokane was not material. Then the commission held as follows: "Joint through rates, both class and commodity, should be established from defined territories east of Chicago to Spokane.

"Where joint through rates do not exist now from points east of Chicago, upon certain lines, to Spokane, the commission finds there is no reasonable and satisfactory through route, and such through routes and joint rates ought to be established.

"Both class and commodity rates should be slightly lower from Mississipi river points to Spokane than from Chicago points."

Baker City and Walla Walla Win.

In the Spokane opinion it was also held that the rates to Baker City, La Grande and Pnedleton, Ore., and Walla Walla, Wash., were excessive insofar as they exceeded the new rates fixed to Spokane. In order to proceed with caution the commission determined, before making a final order, to ascertain by an actual test the result of the present and proposed new rates.

The carriers will be required, for the months of July, August and September, to keep a detailed account, showing the revenues accruing on business actually handled under present rates and the revenues which would have accrued had the rates prescribed by the commission been in effect.

KANSANS CALL ON ROOSEVELT

BUT THE BALLINGER-PINCHOT INCIDENT WAS NOT DISCUSSED.

Bristow, Murdock and Madison All Declared by Former President to Be "Fine Fellows"—Helped Him Out When He Needed Assistance.

Oyster Bay, July 2.—Three Kansans—all Republican insurgents of the deepest dye—talked with Theodore Roosevelt for three hours at Sagamore Hill today and went away satisfied. When they had gone Colonel Roosevelt called them "fine fellows" and said they did great work "in the recent session of congress." All agreed that the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy was not broached.

The visitors were Senator Joseph L. Bristow and Representatives Victor Murdock and E. H. Madison, all of whom fought hard for Roosevelt policies when he was in the White House. That he appreciated their services he made known with emphasis today. The insurgents were more emphatic in their praise of Theodore Roosevelt.

All Loyal Supporters.

When the 4 o'clock train had pulled out of Oyster Bay and the correspondents trailed up the hill, Colonel Roosevelt was pacing the veranda garbed in a crash riding suit and riding boots. He plunged into an explanation of the conference at once.

"Those three Kansans," he began, "are among my most loyal supporters and were during the seven years I was in the White House."

"Can you tell us what was discussed?" was ventured.

"These fine fellows and I have been discussing the recent session of Congress," said Colonel Roosevelt. "But I wish to say right here," he put in with a snap of his jaws, "that we have not been discussing the Ballinger-Pinchot trouble.

"My friend Madison is one of the judges in that case, and I would not have it appear that I wished to exert any influence in the matter.

"I owe an especial debt of gratitude to Representatives Madison and Murdock for the stand they took at the time when Representative Tawney offered a resolution providing that none of the appropriations for the secret service might be used in investigating the conduct of members of the Senate and the House. At that time also a resolution of censure aimed at myself was offered in Congress, and Madison and Murdock fought it to the end. Madison and Murdock were right in that fight—the provisions for the secret service should never have been stricken out."

Here the Colonel paused a moment and then like a shot he said:

"Would you like to know the secret of that fight. It was just this: A number of members of Congress realized that I was hitting at them. I am mentioning no names.

Bristow's Service Appreciated.

"Senator Bristow rendered a great service to his country in the postal investigation. He found the rascals and I put them out."

Colonel Roosevelt has never said just what he proposed to do in the face of the defeat of the Cobb bill, but those who know him as a fighter look upon his conference with Lloyd C. Griscom, who is spending the night as his guest, as indicating that plans are being discussed that will mean much to the Republican organization in this state.

The three insurgents came down off the hill, a little diffident, much impressed with the fact that they were a focal center of news, and rather chary of the situation.

"Now, boys," admonished Victor Murdock, "whatever you write, don't say our faces were wreathed with smiles. Here is what we have to say, with the permission of the Colonel—this statement will stand for all of us, and there is not a word to add to it."

Mr. Murdock then dictated the following statement:

"All three of us were anxious to see Mr. Roosevelt because we don't believe he had three more staunch supporters of his policies throughout his term of service, and we believe he knows this better than anyone else.

"Bristow was his right hand man in uncovering and punishing the postal frauds, and Madison and I were among the thirty-five who stood up for him when the fight was made to deprive him of the use of the secret service men in uncovering just such misdeeds as the postal frauds.

"Naturally we feel much pleased to find him absolutely unchanged."

Mr. Murdock's voice rose a little unconsciously in emphasis as he pronounced the last two words.

"Absolutely unchanged," he repeated, "in his attitude toward public questions, and also toward how closely he has kept in touch with what has happened in the last year and a quarter.

Railroad Bill Pleasing.

"Nothing more pleased us than his at once congratulating us and those associated with us in having succeeded in putting in the railroad rate bill the provisions vitally necessary in order that it should represent progress along the lines of proper control of interstate common carriers."

As the train got under way Mr. Murdock said impressively:

"You can quote me for one thing; there was a delicious quality about the—iced tea."

"Yes," added Mr. Madison with deliberation, "we took that for a compliment to prohibition Kansas. You know we are a mighty moral state. The Senator never says anything stronger than 'By gravy!' and when the Colonel said 'By George!' once or twice he looked almost shocked."

Senator Bristow giggled; they were all immensely pleased.

BIG DAYTON ORCHARD BRINGS FANCY PRICE.

Dayton, July 6.—Pomona ranch, owned by J. L. Dumas, former president of the Washington Horticultural Society, has been sold to Dr. C. F. Schlitz, of Wenatchee, L. M. Vannice and E. S. Hubbard, of Dayton, for $150,000.

This is the largest sale of a bearing orchard ever made in the Northwest. Of the 240 acres in the ranch 100 are in bearing orchard and thirty acres in young orchard. Seventy acres more will be planted at once. This year's crop, estimated at 75,000 boxes, goes to the purchasers.

Mr. Dumas originally invested $3,050 in 140 acres and returns from his young orchard enabled him to buy 100 acres more later. The returns from the orchard in the last three years have exceeded $100,000. The orchard has an international reputation.

A joint ownership plan will be followed in operating the big farm. C. I. Dornberger will be foreman. Two of the purchasers are pioneer wheat farmers of Dayton.

45,000,000 EGGS HELD FOR HIGH WINTER PRICE

New York, July 4.—A Newark (N. J.) special to a New York newspaper says:

Forty-five million eggs have been shipped into this city since April 1, and placed in cold storage by the warehousemen, to remain there until the high prices of last winter are duplicated.

The eggs come mostly from Indiana, Michigan and Ohio. They were purchased at an average price of 23½ to 24 cents a dozen. Two cents a dozen is added to cover insurance, storage, etc., which brings the total to about 26 cents a dozen.

If eggs can be retailed in New York next winter at 45 cents a dozen—which they fetched last winter—there will be a profit of 19 cents a dozen or a total of something over $700,000.

Much Depends, Says Bryan.

Montreal, July 2.—William J. Bryan, just back from Bristol, England, spent a day in Montreal. To the question, "Are you likely again to be a candidate for the presidency?" Mr. Bryan replied: "How do I know? Much depends. I never discuss politics outside of my own country."

Drops Bombs from Sky at Mark.

Hammondsport, N. Y., July 2.—To demonstrate the effectiveness of the aeroplanes in naval warfare, Glenn H. Curtis, the aviator, made several flights in a biplane over Lake Keukal in the presence of Admiral Kimball, and dropped twenty bombs at marks. He is credited with having made eighteen hits in the twenty trials.

Chile to Have Biggest Warship.

London, July 4.—Chile has placed an order with Armstrong, Whitworth & Co. for the largest battleship in the world. The vessel will be faster than any other warship afloat. She will have a tonnage of 32,000; her guns will fire 110-ton shells. The ship will cost $15,000,000.

FASHION HINTS

Ecru linen combined with a dark blue dotted linen, were very effectively used in this summery little dress. The linen was of the handkerchief sort, a fine material being necessary for the gathered skirt

WHAT IS SPEED LIMIT?

Question Prompted by the Many New Methods of Rapid Transportation.

AIRSHIP AND OCEAN FLYER

May Cross Atlantic in Three Days—Monorail the Successor to the Present Railroad.

Two questions seem to be the most important problems of the age. They are "Where is the speed limit?" and "How fast is it possible to travel a given distance?"

When the first automobiles reached such perfection that a speed of twenty-five miles an hour was made without injury to machines or drivers the public gasped, the Baltimore Sun says. Yet little by little this record has been changed, until recently Barney Oldfield dashed around a mile course in 27 seconds, the equivalent of 131 miles an hour. And this remarkable rate of speed Barney coolly promises to exceed the next time he enters a contest.

Already it is possible to leave New York on Monday morning and take dinner on Friday in Liverpool. Naval men experimenting with oil fuel predict that within six months or a year the trip will be reduced from five days to three. Small craft burning oil fuel have plowed through the sea on test runs at the rate of fifty miles an hour. Aeroplanes are showing astonishing rates of speed. Beriot's triumph in crossing the English Channel, leaving far behind steamers which left France at almost the same moment, has shown the scientific world what is possible and his record may be broken at any time. The bird-like flights of flying machines at recent exhibitions show clearly that these devices will one day rival the highest rate of speed motion attained by vehicles on the earth's surface. It may be that they will exceed them.

Tremendous speed means the saving of time, and this is a time-saving era. Time is money, and every second saved means dollars to the hustling business men of this generation. This probably is the real reason for the eternal striving for faster methods of transportation.

In England there is in operation a queer looking vehicle which, it is claimed by the inventor, can be run over a single rail with absolute safety at the incredible speed of 140 miles an hour. Already the monorail system is talked of as the most likely successor to our present railroad methods, and plans to try out the English inventor's time-saving train here in America are already under way. With the monorail a success the trip from New York to Philadelphia could be accomplished in about twenty minutes. The Twentieth Century limited when run from New York to Chicago in sixteen hours, would then be about as modern as a Conestoga "prairie schooner" in the heart of Broadway.

The one desire of the civilized world seems, in this generation, to be to "get there first." New inventions, be they ever so hazardous, are snapped up with avidity by excitement-loving men who are ever willing to brave death in making the idea practicable.

FOR GIRLS TO READ.

New Rule That His Recently Gone Into Effect at the Postoffice.

It was addressed to a man, but none the less it is a letter for girls to read.

"Dear Grant," it said. "Somewhere I have seen this: 'One is never the common sinner.' It means more to me now than ever before.

"This morning I went downtown, as we agreed I should, to get your letter at the general delivery department of the postoffice. I found there were two windows for women, but there was a long line in front of each; so I took my place at the end of one line, feeling as uncomfortable as if everybody knew that I was going to ask for my letter under a false name.

"Don't be impatient with me for that. I hadn't forgotten the arguments in favor of keeping our correspondence secret, and I know father and mother do seem to us unreasonable and unjust, but, you see, to them I am just their little girl, and—well, I couldn't help feeling strange.

"Soon I noticed that the line didn't move. A loud-voiced woman was having an altercation at the window. After a while the woman next in front of me asked a stranger who stood looking on what was the matter, and he came close and explained in a too familiar way, which somehow included me with her, about a rule which had gone into effect this morning, compelling every woman who applied at the general delivery window to give her real name and address. The department, he said, was primarily for the convenience of people who had no fixed address in the city, and it had been misused; a great deal of crime was known to originate there. And he went on to say that he had been there all the morning 'watching the fun,' and that it was 'mighty interesting to see how many married women came there for mail.' O Grant, I felt ashamed!

"By this time a young girl behind me began to ask questions. Then she and a still younger girl compared notes. I couldn't help hearing. They had been answering some horrid matrimonial ads under assumed names. The little one said her mother would 'just kill her if she found out,' and the other one suggested that if they should give some out-of-town place as their home address, and then insist that the false names were their own, they would probably get their letters all right.

"It made me sick to hear them plan it so coolly, and yet, Grant, for one instant I actually considered borrowing the idea and getting your letter that way. Then I looked up, and not ten feet off stood a man that lives near us. It was just like a flash of lightning,—the curious, unbelieving stare he gave me,—and suddenly I saw myself in it, the 'common sinner.'

"That is all. I waited just long enough to say to those silly girls what I should wish somebody to say to my little sister in the same circumstances, and then came away without getting your letter—which I wanted more than words can tell.

"And, Grant, please—please understand and sympathize when I say that I cannot have letters, even from you, at the expense of deceiving my father and mother. If our love for each other is all that we believe, it can live down opposition; if it must be, it could even outlive an enforced silence—but it can never stoop to anything that even seems vulgar or tricky."—Youth's Companion.

HUMOROUS TAXIDERMIST.

English Museum Wherein Is Told the Story of Cock Robin.

Beneath the shadow of the ruined castle of Bramber, England, there is a novel and interesting museum well worthy the attention of all who find themselves in that prettiest of South Down villages. According to the Strand, the exhibits displayed therein are principally examples of the art of the taxidermist, but the subjects are treated in such a humorous manner as to render the museum unique in England. From a child's point of view it is a veritable wonderland, reminiscent of the strange sights seen by Alice when she made her journey into that delectable country. It is not, however, only the juvenile who is captivated with the exhibition; the adult is none the less amused and agreeably surprised at the wonderful ingenuity there displayed.

The idea of thus combining the art of the taxidermist with that of the humorist was generated in the brain of the veteran proprietor, Mr. W. Potter. In 1861 Mr. Potter set to work to construct his first set piece, illustrating the "Death and Burial of Cock Robin." The work was done in Mr. Potter's spare time, and was not completed until seven years had elapsed. The nursery rhyme is too well known to repeat here. The whole of the incidents in the story are graphically portrayed, and, as evidencing the patience and perseverance exercised by Mr. Potter, it may be stated that no fewer than 100 specimens of British birds are included in the setting. In addition to the birds which figure in the story there are the cuckoo, nightingale, goldfinch, hawkfinch, bramblefinch, whyneck, etc. Considerable ingenuity is displayed in the arrangement of the "fish with his dish," the "fly with his little eye," the owl, the bull rendered in minature, the rook and the mourning birds all a-sighing and a-sobbing.

FROM ONE WIZARD TO ANOTHER

How Thomas A. Edison Found the Diary of Samuel F. B. Morse.

In the middle "80's" Thomas A. Edison took a house in Gramercy Park, New York City, where he found himself very well situated for the leisure which he always enjoys, being by nature a reposeful man and not the grinding dynamo that people so often fancy him. Few things suit better the mood of idleness than to poke aimlessly around an old house that has its legible traces and signs of human occupancy, and thus one day Edison found himself in the garret of the house, where some old furniture had been stored, a writer in the Metropolis says. Opening one of the drawers, he saw lying within a flat oblong book labeled "Daily Journal." To his astonishment this proved to be nothing less than an original diary kept by Samuel F. B. Morse, inventor of the universal system of telegraphy which bears his name. The entries belonged to a brief but most interesting period of his life, the year 1848, supplemented by transcripts of important correspondence dated back as far as 1843, when the electro-magnetic telegraph system was being constructed between Washington and Baltimore.

Edison put the book away carefully and took it with him when he established himself at his present country home in New Jersey. He has now placed it in the hands of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, with the remark in his accompanying letter of July 22, 1909: "As this appears to me to be a matter of great scientific and public interest, I feel that this journal should be placed where it may be accessible to others, and I therefore take much pleasure in forwarding the same herewith and in presenting it to your institute in the hope that it may be deemed worthy of receiving a place among the mementos of the telegraphic art in your library."

That Edison himself, the great telegraph inventor of our age, who stands next in line to Franklin and Morse as master of the electrical forces, should have chanced thus casually on a lost relic of his predecessor is, to say the least, a notable coincidence.

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Oak Street Dock

SEQUIM

Monday was a perfect day for the celebration of our national holiday, and everything went off fine. There were a good many up from Blyn and Dungeness and everybody seemed to have a good time.

We are all willing to admit that a good bank is a desirable and essential feature in the development of a community. It is therefore worthy of support and patronge. We will appreciate your account and furthermore we will pay you 4 per cent on time deposits. Patronize your home bank.

State Bank of Sequim.

Mrs. Charles Cook of Seattle is here visiting with relatives and old time friends.

Mrs. Carter, who has been here for some time helping care for her father, Mr. Herman Sindars, Sr., was joined by her husband, Mr. Fred Carter, the last of the week.

Mrs. Lue. Doran of Seattle is here visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Nelson.

There is some talk about Sequim and Dungeness joining forces for the purpose of buying forty acres of land for a good race track, and why not go a little farther and have it for a county fair ground?

A good many of Sequim people took in the celebration at Dungeness. It was a fine day and some of the young folk took in the dance, and all had a fine time.

Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy G. Wilber have the sympathy of all their friends in the loss of their little daughter, Eva May Wilber, who died July 5th, age six days old. "Budded on earth to blossom in heaven."

Mrs. J. P. Shotwell came from Port Angeles Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. L. G. Wilber, for a few days.

There are a good many strangers here enjoying our beautiful climate.

Everybody is now in the midst of their haying.

BLYN.

Mrs. M. Case and son of Port Gamble are here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Craig.

Mr. and Mrs. George Crawford's infant son died last Friday with the whooping cough.

Joe Reposa is home visiting his folk during a week's vacation.

Mr. Kilby and family left for their home in Sequim for a couple of weeks.

Miss Della Fritz is quite ill with the whooping cough. It is the good wish of all her friends that she will soon improve.

A dance was given at the hall Monday night and everybody had a very enjoyable time. Supper was served at the Antone Yaccardo home.

Mr. Hooper and family have some friends and relatives visiting them for a short time.

Mrs. McBee has a sister from Seattle here visiting.

Miss Julia Yaccardo is home for a few days' visit

LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.

J. I. Kirchberg, Exalted Ruler.
T. F. Trumbull, Secretary.

I.O.O.F.—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall

E. R. Wait, N. G.
M. H. Wait, V. G.; Frank Wait, R. S.; H. R. Pardo, F.S.; J. J. MacKechnie, Treasurer.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting neighbors always welcome.

W. G. Martin, Consul.
C. E. Shields. Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

J. D. McRoberts, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk

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COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

W. F. Delabarre and Associates Ask For Franchise for Wharf and Railroad Privileges.

The council met in regular session Tuesday evening transacting routine business only.

The ordinance committee reported that they had been too busy to go over the liquor ordinance. A motion was made by Councilman Elliott, and seconded by Councilman Rouse, that the ordinance committee be required to report on this ordinance at next meeting.

Street Superin endent Small reported bad condition of sidewalk from Phelps' Dry Goods store to Lincoln street, and was ordered to notify property owners to repair the same.

An ordinance was introduced granting to W. F. Delabarre and associates the right to construct and maintain a wharf on the northerly extremity of B street for a period of ten years, with the privilege of operating wharf, railroad tracks, switches and other devices necessary for the transportation and unloading of logs into the harbor, and to construct warehouses and bunkers, convenient for the conducting of their business.

An ordinance was introduced granting to W. F. Delabarre and associates a franchise to construct and operate a standard gauge railroad, together with switches and sidetracks, commencing on B street with inner harbor line, southerly along B street to intersection of B and 3rd streets, east along the valley of Frasier creek and as far as the topography and course of Frasier creek will permit, thence along Tumwater street to the southerly limits of the city and over and across all intersections, streets, avenues and alleys. This franchise to be given for a period of twenty-five years, grantees to improve road bed from time to time to conform with improvements on the streets so used.

Clallam Bay Coal Mine on Fire.

The coal mine at Clallam Bay is reported to be burning badly, and the property greatly damaged. Thus another Clallam county industry seems to have gone to the bad.

CALL FOR BIDS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids to do the city printing for the year ending July 1st, 1911, will be received by the City Clerk at his office in Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, up to the hour of 4 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, the 12th day of July, 1910. The city council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

C. E. SHIELDS,
City Clerk.

By order of Council, June 28, 1910.

NOTICE.

Elks Convention August 10th, 11th and 12th. Local hotels will not be able to lodge all visiting Elks therefore the citizens are requested to open their homes for entertainment. Those having spare rooms, with or without board, please at once notify.

E. E. Day,
M. J. Kerkes,
Conrad Luppen,
Committe e

Lake Crescent Property.

If you have a lot fronting on Lake Crescent and want to sell it, communicate with me, stating size, locatian and price.

C. R. Jones, 415 Bailey Bldg, Seattle, Washington.

Notice of Settlement of Final Account.

No. 453.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Anna L. Willson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. A. Willson, administrator of the estate of Anna L. Willson, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, his final account and petition for distribution; and that Saturday, the 16th day of July, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court Room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the Final Account and distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

WITNESS, the Hon. Lester Still, Judge of the Superior Court, and the seal of said Court affixed this 18th day of June, A. D., 1910.

HORACE WHITE,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.
[SEAL]

WASHINGTON'S GREAT FRUIT CROP FOR 1910

The fruit crop of the state of Washington will this year be twice as large as it was in 1908, which was up to now the winner year in the fruit industry in this state, according to a statement made yesterday by F. A. Huntley, state commissioner of horticulture, who is in the city on an inspection trip.

Mr. Huntley stated the yields all over the state will be double that of any other crop yet produced in Washington. "The fruit crop in Washington this year is the most remarkable ever known," said Mr. Huntley in discussing prospects yesterday afternoon. "All kinds of fruit promise enormous yields. There are no failures. I do not believe that there ever was a section in any part of the United States where the yield of peaches has ever been as heavy as it will be in eastern Washington this summer. The trees in many sections were so heavily loaded with fruit that the orchardists were compelled to pick off young peaches in order to save their trees from bending down under the weight of the fruit.

"The increase in the total production of fruit will be partially due to increased acreage of orchards just coming into bearing and also to the increased size of bearing trees.

"The cherry crop is so large in some sections that growers are not picking the early varieties. This is due in some instances to the fact that they cannot obtain pickers, and also because the market is glutted, despite the fact that shipments have been made to all available markets."

Mr. Huntley stated that the strawberry growers all over the state, but particularly in western Washington, are harvesting the largest berry crop ever produced in the state. He said that the large yields of western Washington berry fields demonstrates conclusively the fine profits that can be realized on western Washington land from berry growing. He declared that experience has shown that conditions for strawberries are more favorable in western Washington than in other parts of the state, but that the eastern Washington growers have the advantage in being able to get berries into the market earlier than the west side growers. The two sections, however, he said, do not conflict much as one crop is finished before the other ripens.—Everett Herald.

CALL FOR BIDS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids for furnishing the City of Port Angeles with wood for its electric light plant for the year ending July 1st, 1911, will be received at the City Clerk's office in said city up to 4 o'clock Tuesday, July 12th, 1910. Bids should state the price for furnishing three grades of wood, giving the price per cord for each, delivered at the Power House, viz: sound body fir, second growth, split, split cedar. The city council to elect the amount of each quality it desires to purchase and the said grades to be delivered separately. A certified check of $25.00 must accompany all bids. The city council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

C. E. SHIELDS,
City Clerk.

By order of the Council, June 28, 1910.

Guardians' Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of Washington for Clallam County, dated June 18th, 1910, I will sell the following described real estate, to-wit:

An undivided one-sixth (1-6) interest in that certain farm consisting of 182-79-100 acres of land situated in section No. 4 in township No. 30, north of range No. 4 west and in section No. 33 in township No. 31 north, of range No. 4 west, both of the Willamette Meridian, in Clallam County, Washington, said lands being described in the records in the office of the County Auditor of said county as the "Rogers Donation claim."

Said sale will be made at private sale on or after Saturday, the 16th day of July, 1910, to the highest and best bidder for cash, and all bids must be accompanied by a sum of money or good bank check for ten per cent of the amount bid, and said bid must be in writing and the money or check must be enclosed with said bid in a sealed envelope and delivered personally or by U. S. mail to the undersigned at Dungeness, Washington, on or before Friday, the 15th day of July, 1910, and the balance of the purchase price must be paid by the successful bidder on confirmation of said sale by the Judge of the Superior Court, or by the Court Commissioner of Clallam County.

ARTHUR W. CAYS,
Guardian of Lewis H. and Morris E. Cays, Minors.

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PIANO RECITAL

A Fine Program Highly Appreciated.

The piano recital which Mr. Campbell gave Friday evening at the Congregational church was well attended and was a success in every way. The programme included selections from Chopin, Mozart, Schumann, Grieg, Liszt and others. Mr. Campbell plays with confidence and fine command of the piano, while his interpretation and execution of classical music are excellent. Every number on the programme was so well rendered one could hardly make choice of any, although his final number, Hungarian Raphsodie No. 2, by Liszt was, perhaps, especially enjoyed. At the close of his programme, the audience enthusiastically demanded one more piece, which he kindly granted, playing from memory.

We gladly welcome this young pianist to our city and he will not only be a valued addition musically but a help in many other ways.

Mr. Campbell already has the nucleus of a class on the piano and many, we believe, will wish to avail themselves of the privilege of studying with a teacher of so much merit.

Mr. Parks, accompaned by Mr. Lange, assisted at the recital with his selections on the violin. This part of the programme was greatly appreciated. His second number, an "Andante" by Gluck, with organ accompaniment, received a well deserved encore.

At the close of the entertaiument, the Ladies Aid sold all the ice cream and cake they had on hand and doubtless could have sold much more.

A PLEASANT REMARK.

It Was the Only One the Crank Made During the Game.

At a whist club in Brooklyn was an old fellow who enjoyed the reputation of being a great crank, and his animadversions against his partners were so severe and his manners generally so bad that it was rare, indeed, that he could get any one to play with him.

One night, however, a man happened in from the west, and the avoided one promptly assailed him with a request to "sit in." The western man was about to comply when he was quietly taken aside by one of the members of the club, who told him the reputation of the crank.

"I don't care," he said. "I can stand it, I guess."

At the end of the evening he was approached once more by the curious member.

"Well," said the member, "how did you manage?"

"First rate."

"Didn't he insult you?"

"Why, no."

"Didn't he browbeat you?"

"Not at all."

"Didn't he say anything?"

"Nothing special. He only spoke once during the whole course of the game."

"What did he say then?"

"Why, I didn't get the cards out right in the last round, and he looked over at me very pleasantly and said, "Why, you can't even deal, can you?" —Life.

Now is the time to look up your repairs for the McCormick mowers. Get your orders in early. Haying time will soon be here and you will need tools; we carry a full line—McCormick Mowers, Rakes., Tedders, Hay Carriers and Forks, Pulleys, Hay Rakes and Forks, in fact everything you need for putting up your hay. Come in and we will give you our lowest price on a complete haying outfit. H. Gutenburg Hardware and Furniture Co., Corner Oak and Front streets

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